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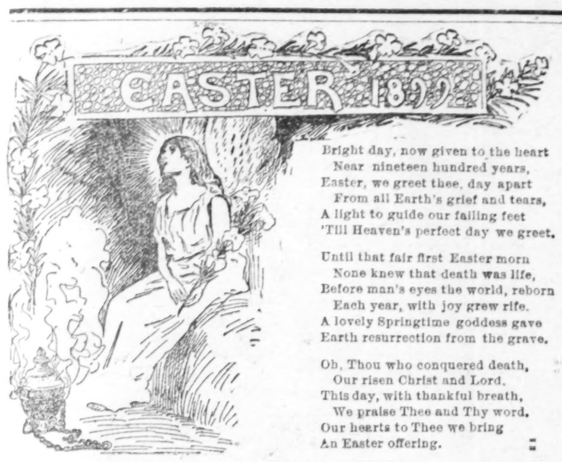

Bright day, now given to the heart
Near nineteen hundred years,
Easter, we greet thee, day apart
From all Earth's grief and tears,
A light to guide our failing feet
'Till Heaven's perfect day we greet.

Until that fair first Easter morn
None knew that death was life,
Before man's eyes the world, reborn
Each year, with joy grew rife.
A lovely Springtime goddess gave
Earth resurrection from the grave.

Oh, Thou who conquered death,
Our risen Christ and Lord,
This day, with thankful breath,
We praise Thee and Thy word.
Our hearts to Thee we bring
An Easter offering.

THE LILY IS THE FLOWER.

One Blossom Used for Decoration at Eastertide.

ALL over the Union the Easter lily is being "considered" at this season; it is true that they toil not, nor spin, but there is an interesting story to be gathered from those who do "toil" in their behalf.

The real flower itself stands by myriads in the churches, a recognized part of the Easter service, and is set in a million homes as an Easter symbol.

"You might as well try to count the drops of water as to attempt to estimate the number of Easter lilies sold in New York City every year," said a wholesale florist the other day, "to such dimensions has the business grown. I handle about 250,000 every year, but that is not a drop in the bucket. The greater part of the lilies sold here are grown within a radius of fifty miles of the city. Every grower in the country has now his quota of Easter lilies ready to send to market, and every church, rich or poor, unless in a remote section, will be decorated with these flowers on Easter Sunday."

The lilies brought to New York, with the exception of those imported, are grown under glass.

A great many are brought from Bermuda, its tropical climate making it their natural home.

The Bermuda lily, so called, is grown from bulbs imported from the islands, where they are raised and cultivated like potatoes or any other farm produce.

The flower itself is grown there, too, in great numbers. Among the sights of the islands are the immense fields of the beautiful white flowers covering hundreds of acres. The surface soil is a peculiar red earth, generally mixed with vegetable matter and coral sand, beneath which is the white, granular limestone of which the islands are composed.

The farming of Easter lilies is a business which has developed into its present dimensions within the last twenty years, and to some extent other products of the ground have to surrender their territory. Even the onion, with which the name of Bermuda has so long been linked, has to make room for a more refined

THE TRUE BERMUDA LILY.

and popular rival. The main business is the cultivation of the lily bulbs.

The growing and shipping of the flowers has gradually passed into the hands of the wives and daughters of the farmers, it is said, and the proceeds go for pin money.

One of the largest importers of New York City receives four or five thousand boxes yearly, the boxes containing half a hundred flowers. Altogether fifteen or twenty thousand boxes are brought here.

Bermuda tourists say the fragrance of the lily fields is noticeable at a great distance. They always know when they are approaching one of these seas of white flowers long before it bursts into view.

The lilies shipped from Bermuda are not allowed to mature.

The buds are picked with stems about a foot long and packed in boxes. On their arrival here they are placed in warm water, opening within twenty-four hours, and preserve their beauty and fragrance for a week or ten days. If it were not for the fact that they are short stemmed, making them in many cases unsuitable for decoration, they would be a more formidable rival of the lilies grown here. They are cheaper, and hence are in reach of many who would otherwise be unable to indulge in flowers at Easter time.

The supply of the Annunciation lily, the true Easter flower, came originally from Bermuda, but the industry of importing and growing the bulbs themselves is now a large and profitable business around New York. The efforts to produce and propagate the bulb itself in this country has not succeeded. Experiment proves that it then loses its distinguishing and marvelous merits of earliness and profusion of bloom, also the ease with which it can be bloomed at any particular period.

The digging of the bulbs begins in July, and shipment commences in the same month. In the latter part of August the planting for the next year is made. These July bulbs are shipped to the "seedsmen," the greater portion coming to New York. They are packed in boxes in sawdust. This sawdust is sent out by the Northern firms for this purpose. The boxes are put in the coolest part of the vessel, but no ice is used.

The growers, who are legion about New York, receive their bulbs from the seedsmen in August or September. They are immediately potted, as they are liable to rot on exposure.

The pots are placed away in an even temperature, until the grower gets his contracts for the flowers. And now a secret success in potting lilies.

Said one of the best growers to me yesterday: "The trouble with many amateurs, and even florists, is that they plant the bulb too high up in the pot. The roots that grow down in the pot nourish the bulb, but the roots that grow up nourish the lillies. Good, careful rooting is the first essential of success, and if a bulb's top roots have to grow in the air they will rot and the lily be a failure. The bulb should be planted in a deep pot, about 'middle way.' It takes two months for a plant to get well rooted."

These pots are taken out in batches about November to get ready for the Easter trade.

The genuine Bermuda Easter lily, which is a geographical variety of the longi-florum, can be forced into profuse bloom in a marvelously short period of time. While florists contend that the lily grown in even temperature lasts better, it is equally true that the majority of growers make an annual feat of forcing under high temperature the quick blooming of their lilies, and they say there is no lily that stands this strain so well as the Annunciation.

The average yield of a bulb depends on its size. The five inch bulb is the best size to force when the stems are to be cut long; such a bulb only produces from one to three flowers. The seven inch is the most popular size. It bears from five to eight flowers. The nine inch bulb is the best size to use as a pot plant in decoration. It frequently bears fifteen flowers.

The monstrous bulb of twelve inches bears twenty-five flowers, and in its native habitat it is nothing unusual for it to have fifty flowers at a time.

If desired, a second crop of flowers, frequently equal to the first, can be secured the same season by drying the plants off after blooming, giving them a short rest, and then starting them again.

The lilies are delivered to the florists in pots so they may be cut at will.

The California calla and the Japanese lily are also grown here for Easter. This California calla is the same lily that grows in profusion along the Nile. As these bulbs rot very easily, they are packed for shipment in excelsior, as the sawdust does not allow enough air to go through. They have not proved nearly the success, though, that the Bermuda has. They can't stand much forcing.

Customers order their Easter lilies months ahead; the florists order them from the growers a year ahead; the seedsmen contract in Bermuda a year in advance; so the whole business is transacted in futures.

A flower stays in bloom for ten days to two weeks. When the order is to the florist for cut flowers he cuts and delivers them in the bud.

An Easter Bonbonniere.

Eggs have been considered symbolical of Easter since a time so remote that no man seems to know just when they first came into use, nor how the practice of decorating them arose. In the books that give information about all such things we read that the origin of the egg as an Easter emblem is obscure, and that all sorts of devices for coloring and beautifying it have been in use since the earliest Christian times; but just why it is held as an emblem or how its use arose it is very difficult to find out. So when I tell you that the pretty bonbonniere made from an ostrich's egg is both dainty in itself and well suited to the day, you need not puzzle your pretty heads

NOVEL BONBON HOLDER.

with trying to find out the why, but may rest content with the statement as made by many wise men.

The ostrich's egg is specially well adapted to the making of bags and the like, for the reason that it is so strong that its shell can be used just as fine china, and with less fear of its coming to harm.

To make a bonbonniere like the one the illustration shows, select a shell of good pure color, such as can be found at the dealers in Oriental goods, and break off one end so as to leave an irregular edge.

With gold bronze gild all the points and irregularities, and make a border all ronnd the upper edge. Then on the shell itself paint sweet, tender, forget-me-nots or any other small flower you may prefer.

Make a bag of soft silk the color of the flower, and fit it neatly inside the shell. Paste round the rim for the depth of half an inch, and press the silk gently but firmly against it until it sticks fast.

Make a frill at the top of the bag, and stitch in a double casing, through which run drawing-strings of narrow but handsome ribbon. When the paste is quite dry the bag will be complete, and when you have filled it with bonbons it will be as charming a little gift as any girl need wish to make.

The sweets are quite sure to disappear with startling rapidity, as we all know how dear they are to a schoolgirl's heart, but the bag will last a long time, and will make a pretty ornament for the dressing-table of your friend.

A LILY FIELD IN BLOSSOM.

A JOYOUS EASTER.

Every face is beaming,
Every step is light,
All the world is beautiful
From merry morn till night.
The little streams are dancing
And flashing, just for fun,
And joyfully to meet the sea,
The mighty rivers run.

And twice ten thousand flowers,
And twice ten thousand more,
Are waking in the lonesome woods
And by the cottage door.
To count the Easter lilies
Is more than you or I
Can hope to do the long day through
How hard soe'er we try.

Every face is beaming,
Every step is light,
For o'er the threshold Easter slipped
At waning of the night,
And little birds are singing
Like mad for joy of life,
And all the hours, in sun and showers,
With brimming joy are rife.

Uplift the songs of Easter,
Let none to-day be still,
When this great world is like a cup
That flowers overfill,
When blossoms deck the orchard,
And boughs are pink and white,
And wings go by, like wings that fly,
From merry morn till night.
—Margaret E. Sangster.

UNCLE SIDNEY, THE OPTIMIST.

In Business for Himself.

A friend of mine recently set up an establishment for himself. He had been for fifteen years a man under authority. He told me a few of his troubles while we were standing at the counter. He said, "I put an 'ad' in the paper last night and by six o'clock this morning I had over a dozen applicants. I can't tell you how hard it was to weed them out and send all away but one. I have done it lots of times before now, but I knew somebody stood back of me. I can't tell you how heavy the load of responsibility has become. I get ten times as tired as when under Mr. K—." Everyone learns this lesson sooner or later. When one learns to make God his Lord he has learned the great lesson of life. He has somebody back of him.

INSURGENTS SWEPT BACK.

Forward Movements of American Forces Begin in Earnest

ENGAGE FILIPINOS IN BATTLE

Fighting Under Disadvantages—The Flower of Aguinaldo's Army Cornered—American Loss 26 Killed and 150 Wounded.

MANILA (By Cable).—The movement of the American troops Saturday swept the insurgents back towards Malabon. The insurgent trenches in the edge of the woods are four feet deep, and furnish a good head cover. The American troops advanced on double time, yelling fiercely and occasionally dropping in the grass and firing by volley. The natives stood untill the Americans were within 200 yards of their position, and then broke and ran for the woods. About thirty of them were killed in the outskirts, and seventy on the roads. The Montana and Kansas troops met the hottest resistance in a strip from which the rebels have greatly worried the Americans recently, during the night time. Ninety minutes after the start, at 6 o'clock, the whole front, for a distance of three miles to the north, had been cleared. General Hale's brigade had simultaneously swept in a northwesterly direction, routing the enemy and burning the town of San Fran del Monte and a number of scattered huts. The line was then opposite Novaliches, the artillery advancing along a good road from Laloma to Novalich, the wagons carrying pontoons and telgraph supplies, and ammunition following. The infantry moved in splendid order. Smoke from the burning huts marked the line of the American advance. Ambulances and horse litters, led by Chinese, brought in the wounded, among whom were a few Filipinos. The Americans who were wounded endured their injuries bravely. One group of them was brought into the hospital singing "Comrades." The Pennsylvania troops took nine prisoners, among them a great naked captain of the Macabobee tribe and one Japanese. All the prisoners were greatly terrified, expecting to be executed immediately.

Gen. McArthur's division, consisting of the brigades of General Harrison Gray Otis, General Hale and General Hall, supplemented by General Wheaton's brigade, advanced at daylight and cut the enemy's forces in two. They captured the towns of Polo and Novaliches on the left, and San Fran del Monte and Maroquina on the right, clearing the rebel trenches in front of the line north from the river to Caloocau. They also secured possession of the railroad, practically cornering the flower of Aguinaldo's army at Malabon, and in the foothills of Singalon, twenty miles apart. The troops engaged were the Third Artillery, as infantry, Kansas, Pennsylvania and Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado, South Dakota, Minnesota and Oregon volunteers; the Third, Fourth, Seventeenth and Twenty-Second Regulars, the Utah Artillery Battalion and the Twenty-Third Regulars. The American casualties were light.

The entrenchments nearest to Malabon suffered the most severe attacks, including a cross fire from the insurgents massed at Malabon. The Montana regiments, near Balintanac, came upon a blockhouse, disguised as a leper hospital, across the river, after marching through the jungle. Four men were killed and 17 wounded. Gen. McArthur's Artillery was hampered by the thickness of the jungle. Gen. McArthur's and Gen. Hale's staffs were frequently under a galling fire, and upon one occasion all of the officers excepting the generals dismounted, being overcome by the heat. There were many prostrations during the day.

Port Arthur Canal Opened.

The formal opening of the Port Arthur Ship Canal took place at Port Arthur, Texas, Saturday. Over 3,000 visitors from all parts of the country were present and the ceremonies were participated in by Governors Sayers, of Texas, Jones, of Aakansas, and Stanley, of Kansas; practically all the members of the Texas Legislature; a large number of members of the Kansas Legislature; a delegation of foreign capitalists and several train loads of excursionists. The canal is 37,000 feet long, and will connect Port Arthur, the southern terminus of the Kansas City, Pittiburg & Gulf Railroad, which controls the enterprise, with Sabine Pass. The canal will finally have a uniform depth of from 25 to 30 feet and it is the intention of its projectors to bring ocean vessels up from the Gulf, thus creating a new outlet for freight and passenger traffic to Mexican, South American and European ports.

Death of Major Chas. Pickett.

After a short illness Major Charles Pickett died in Norfolk, Va., Saturday night. Major Pickett was one of the best known residents of Norfolk. He was born in Richmond 59 years ago, of a distinguished family, long and honorably prominent in the great achievements of the Commonwealth. He was a brother of the famous Gen. Pickett, of the Confederate army, who led the most famous charge of modern times at Gettysburg. On his brother's staff he served as a major, and for a time he was adjutant general of Pickett's division. In these capacities he served gallantly throughout the war, being badly wounded at one time. Since the war Maj. Pickett has lived in Norfolk, and for a number of years was secretary of the board of trade.

The Spanish View.

Spanish officers in Madrid acquainted with the Philippine Islands continue to predict the failure of Major General Otis' campaign, notwithstanding the American success. They say that while the Americans will undoubtedly win all the battles, they will lose the campaign itself, owing to the aptitude of the Tagalos to conduct a war of surprises and ambuscades.

News from Rome says the Pope is steadily gaining strength.

The Sneaking Rascals.

Twenty-six dead and 150 wounded is the last statement of the American losses in the engagement with the Filipinos. The fighting furnished a specimen of the difficulties with which the Americans have to contend. The Filipinos never, except opposite Malabon, permitted their opponents to get within several hundreds yards of them. They would fire a few volleys from their cover, and then scuttle back to another cover, repeating these tactics for miles. Many of the trenches had gullies and connecting paths through the cane and brush, enabling them to etreat unseen.

WELCOMED IN TALLAHASSEE.

The Presidential Party Met by Governor Bloxham and Committee.

President McKinley and quite a large party made a flying trip to Tallahassee, Fla., Friday. A special train was provided by the Plant System and included two Pullmans, one extra coach and a baggage car. It left Thomasville shortly after 10 o'clock. Among the President's guests on the excursion were Capt. Metcalfe, a retired army officer and president of the Country Club, of Thomasville; C. B. Parsons and Mrs. Parsons, of St. Joseph, Mo.; J. Wyman Jones, Charles Chapin, Geo. H. Stone, of Cleveland; Major Wylie and Mr. S. G. McLendon, attorney of the Plant System, and wife; Senator and Mrs. Hanna and the Misses Hanna. Assistant Secretary Cortelyou and Dr. Rixey, the family physician, also went along. At Montecello, the home of Senator Pasco, that gentleman and his family greeted the President. The Senator could not proceed to Tallahassee, but by ivitation the two Misses Pasco and a young son became members of the presidential party. At Tallahassee the party was received by Governor Bloxham and a local committee. The town had been elaborately decorated in honor of the President. Salutes were fired, an escort provided, a regular programme carried out and the visit made more of a ceremonious affair than any feature of the present Southern trip. The party was driven first to the State capitol, where a large crowd from the town and surrounding country had assembled. On the portico of the State House the entire party, including the Governor and the Floridian committee, were photographed. After a brief rest, during which the ladies of the party were presented with immense bouquets of beautiful violets, the party was driven to the Leon House, where an informal public reception was held by the entire party and an elaborate lunch served to about one hundred persons. Governor Bloxham sat on the right of the President and Judge Raney on his left. Then followed drives to points of interest and a visit by the President to a large negro college, having about 300 students. A band of music, the local military company and organizations of the students assembled in the President's honor. No speech-making occurred in Tallahassee. The party left there at 3.30.

Dead in Red River Bottoms.

Details of the wholesale lynchings reported in Little River county, Ark., are slow in coming in. Three more dead negroes have been found in Red River bottoms between Boston, Texas, and Rocky Comfort, Ark., two of them Joe King and Moses Jones having been hanged or shot to death. The third body was stripped entirely naked when found. A justice of the peace held an inquest over these bodies and a verdict was returned by the jury declaring that the men "came to their death from natural causes, or were frozen to death." The verdict is regarded as a grewsome joke. A colored man says that all the negroes in the neighborhood of Rocky Comfort and Richmond have left their home and are afraid to return. A large number of them have crossed Red river and gone into Bowie county, Texas. He says more negroes have been killed than have been reported.

Alger is Supreme.

The following order has been issued at the war department: Headquarters of the Army, Adjutant General's Office, Washington, March —, 1899. The following decision has been reached and is published for the information and guidance of all concerned: Ordered, that hereafter no chief or acting chief of staff corps shall be detailed or ordered to any duty by any authority without the approval of the secretary of war. R. A. Alger, Secretary of War. The cause for the issuance of the order was a recent order of General Miles to Lieut. Col. Garlington, acting chief of the inspector general's corps during the absence of Gen. Breckinridge, directing Garlington to visit certain points in the west on an inspection tour.

Shot Judge Cochran and a By-Stander.

At Sweetwater, Tex., F. P. Woodruff, a lawyer, attacked and shot Judge John H. Cochran, with a revolver, the trouble growing out of the court's refusal to approve a bill of exceptions in a lawsuit. Judge Cochran attempted to defend himself and a bystander named R. P. Watts was shot in the hip. Watts and Judge Cochran are in a critical condition. Woodruff is under $3,000 bond. Judge Cochran is an ex-Speaker of the Texas House and was a candidate for Governor in 1894.

The Yellow River Floods.

Citizens of the United States residing in Che Foo, China, have made an earnest appeal, through Consul Fowler, at Che Foo, to the charitable in America and elsewhere in behalf of the suffering from appalling Yellow river floods of this year. The most conservative estimates place the number of starving at 2,000,000, and time and the increasing cold weather will undoubtedly augment the distress.

Sound Wave Photographed.

Prof. R. W. Wood, of Madison, Wis., has succeeded in making photographs of waves of sound in air. The sound wave is the crack of an electric spark, and it is illuminated and photographed by means of the light of a second spark, which flashes between two magnesium wires, and some distance behind the first, and at an interval of about one ten-thousandth of a second after the first spark. The sound wave is thus caught beford it has gotten out of the field of the instrument, although moving with a velocity of 1,000 feet a second. The wave appears as a thin circle of shadow with a light border, being simply a sectional view of the rapidly-diverging spherical shell of condensed air constituting the sound wave.

America s Win Sweeping Victory.

A sweeping victory over Aguinaldo's forces has just been won by the United States troops. The total American loss is estimated at about 100, including both killed and wounded. The Filipino loss is between 800 and 4000.

Invited to Christen the Missouri.

The Secretary of the Navy has invited Miss Marion Cockrell, daughter of Senator Cockrell, of Missouri, to christen the battleship Missouri, now in course of construction at Newport News, Va.

North and South Carolina Road.

The stockholders of the North and South Carolina Railroad held a meeting in Norfolk, Va., and elected the following officers: President, Col. H. S. Haines; secretary and treasurer, Adam Tredmill; counsel, Alfred P. Thom; directors, Col. H. S. Haines, W. B. Hatcher, Alfred P. Thom, F. W. Tatem, John N. Vaughan, Jos. A. Lockhart, Col. J. S. Cuningham, R. B. Tunstall and W. H. Sterling. The board of directors was authorized to undertake immediately the construction of the first section, from Virginima southward

TEN NEGRO MEN LYNCHED.

They Were Said to be Implicated in a Plot

TO MASSACRE THE WHITES.

Also Three Negroes Shot in Mississippi and Their Bodies Thrown Into the River. —Moore's Confession.

TEXARKANA, Ark. (Special).—The wildest excitement prevails among the negroes of Little River county, seven negro men having been lynched by the citizens of that section. Among those who have fallen victims to the wrath of the whites, are Edward Goodwin, Dan King, Joe Jones, Ben Jones, Moses Jones and another whose name is not known. The disturbances grew out of the lynching of a negro named General Duckett, near Richmond, in that county. A prominent planter named James Stockton was murdered at his home near Rocky Comfort, by Duckett. The negro escaped at the time, but after remaining in hiding in the swamps several days he surrendered, saying he had had nothing to eat since his flight. He was taken to Rocky Comfort and soon after his arrival there Sheriff Johnson and deputies started with him for Richmond. They were overtaken by 200 armed men who demanded the prisoner. Duckett was taken to the place where he had killed Stockton, and, after a confession, was lynched. After the lynching it was learned that Duckett had frequently tried to get the negroes in the county to join him in a race war against the whites. A few hours after he had killed Stockton he passed several negroes at a farm house and told them he had killed one white man, and if they would follow him, he would kill more. The Jones brothers were intimate with the assassin of Stockton and it was discovered that they were leading a scheme to avenge their comrade's death. The assault was provoked by the unearthing of plots that the followers of General Duckett had concocted, and when the revelation was made a band of citizens began their search for the principals. Through friendly negroes who had originally informed Stockton of Duckett's threat, the facts against the present victims were learned. These informers had been warned under the penalty of death not to communicate the plans of the outlaws to the whites. All of the victims that have fallen before the whites were pursued singly over the country and met their fate at different times and in different localities.

Three Lynched in Mississippi.

JACKSON, Miss. (Special).—Three negroes were lynched by a mob near Silver City, in Yazoo county. After being shot to death the bodies of the victims were weighted with bundles of cotton bale ties and thrown into the Yazoo River. The feeling against these negroes has been very bitter, on account of the disturbance at the Midnight plantation, in which they, with two other comrades, had fired on two whites on the public road. A horse belonging to one of the white men was wounded, but the men were not harmed.

General Maso Commander-in-Chief.

The executive committee of the Cuban Military Assembly has appointed General Bartolome Maso, former president of the Cuban revolutionary government, commander-in-chief of the Cuban forces in the Orient or Eastern provinces. The motion proposed by Senor Gualberto Gomez for the reorganization of the Cuban army, was passed, but under existing conditions the action of the Assembly in this respect is unimportant. A dispatch was read from the Veterans' Association of Santiago, asking the Assembly to restore General Maximo Gomez to the post of commander-in-chief. From General Maso a telegram was received recognizing on his part the superior authority of the Assembly, acknowledging it as a duty to sustain the Assembly, and lamenting the controversy with General Gomez.

All Mahoning Valley, O., mill owners have voluntarily advanced the wages of laborers from $1.15 to $1.25 a day. Fifteeen hundred men will be benefited by the increase.

Homeward Bound.

The United States transport Crook formerly the Roumanian, her colors at half mast, with her mournful cargo of dead heroes, the remains of those killed, or who have died at Santiago and in Porto Rico, steamed slowly out of the Santiago harbor Thursday afternoon. She carries among her passengers Brigadier General Ezra P. Ewers and family, Captain Carnahan and wife, and Lieutenant Frazer and wife.

The Freedman's Bureau.

During the past two or three weeks Comptroller Dawes has been engaged in paying the barred dividends revived by the act of March 3, 1899, to depositors in the Freedman's Savings and Trust Company. Thus far, about 12,000 claims have been paid, varying in amounts from 25 cents to $73 and aggregating about $1,700, the average payment being about $13.

Moore's Confession.

John Moore, the Hutchison, Kansas murderer, has made a signed statement of his crime. Moore murdered his five children with a hatchet and knife, and then burned the house. He and his wife had quarrelled, and he claims that they were about to separate.

A Sharp Skirmish at Iloilo.

Details of the fighting at Iloilo on March 16, show that 400 rebel riflemen from Pana were met by seven companies of the Eighteenth Regiment of United States Infantry and a battalion of Tennessee volunteers. As supports these troops had three two-inch Hotchkiss guns, under General Miller, north of Jaro, across the river. The Americans met with a heavy fire. One man was killed and 15 were wounded of the Eighteenth Regiment, and there were several cases of sunstroke. General Miller estimates that fifty rebels were killed and one hundred wounded.

An Old Doctor in the Penitentiary for Life.

The oldest prisoner ever placed behind prison bars in Mississippi, was brought to State prison to serve a life sentence Thursday night, for murder. The prisoner is Dr. W. H. Lipscomb, formerly a well known physician of Kempes county, and he is now nearly 75 years of age.

Israel D. Hargett, the colored postmaster at Rocky Mount, N. C., has been arrested in Washington on a warrant sworn out by the postoffice authorities, charging him with the misappropriation of the funds of his office.

MURDER OF AN ATORNEY.

Shot Down by the Zeltner Brothers—Kept a Crowd at Bay.

BOWLING GREEN, O. (Special)—E. H. Westenhaver, of North Baltimore, one of the best-known attorneys in this county, was murdered at Hoytsville shortly after noon Saturday. He was trying a case against Paul and John Zeltner for attorney fees, and when court adjourned at noon the brothers demanded certain papers, which he refused to surrender. John Zeltner fired at the attorney who ran out of doors, the ball striking Westenhaver in the right side. Four more shots were fired at him but they did not take effect. At the corner of the building Paul Zeltner met Westenhaver and fired two shots at him, one striking his leg and the other going through his forehead. Death resulted in ten minutes.

After the murder the Zeltners fled to their home at Hoyt's Corner, pursued by a crowd of several hundred men. The Zeltners stood boldly in their yard all afternoon and defied arrest. There was a frequent exchange of shots between the fugitives and the crowd at long range, and a man named Wittenmyer, who crossed an open space, was killed. Sheriff Kingsbury and a posse of deputies was soon on the scene, but the fusilade of shots kept up by the Zeltners prevented any effort being made to capture them. Later in the day the Zeltners retired within the house and barricaded it. A hundred shots were fired into the house, but without effect. The sheriff then decided to call for the Bloomingdale Rifles. Meantime a guard was stationed around the house. In the evening a neighbor of the Zeltners went into the house under a flag of truce and tried to induce them to surrender, but they declined to do so before morning, fearing the mob. Every effort is to be made to prevent a lynching. This will be difficult in view of the temper of the people, who are incensed, not only by the killing of Westenhaver, but by the death of Wittenmyer, who was a respected citizen. The sheriff will appeal to the Governor for sufficient troops to protect the Zeltners when they are in custody. The Zeltners seem to have prepared for trouble, as they had sold their farm and bought a large quantity of ammunition only the day before.

For Electing Senators By Popular Vote.

Congressman John F. Rixey, William A. Jones and John Lamb, Attorney General A. J. Montague, ex-Congressman John Goode and George D. Wise, and James W. Marshall, R. Walton Moore, Joseph E. Willard, W. F. Reddy, Eppa Hunton, Jr., and 40 others prominent in Democratic politics in Virginia, have issued an address to their fellow Democrats of the State, reciting recent events in connection with the election of United States Senators and appealing to the party to unite with them in an effort to secure the adoption of a constitutional amendment conferring upon the voters of the several States the privilege of electing Senators by the direct vote of the people.

Telegraphic Briefs.

A special from Nanaimo, B. C., says the schooner Thristle has been wrecked off Cape Mudge and eight lives lost.

The officials in Washington, it is said, are well satisfied with the results of Saturday's fighting in the Philippines Islands between our forces and the insurgents.

General Brooke at Havana Saturday reviewed the First North Carolina Regiment on its way to the harbor to embark on the transport which is to carry it home.

It is said at the Department that Otis has under his command a Manila and vicinity about 27,000 soldiers. Aguinaldo, according to Otis last report, has about 30,000 armed men.

In the Superior Court at Savannah, Ga., Geo. W. Haupt was sentenced to 10 years in the penitentiary for forgery, embezzlement and larceny of trust.

W. F. Carter, postmaster at Meldrim, Ga., and chairman of the Populist State campaign committee in the last campaign, is in jail in Savannah on the charge of embezzling the funds of the government to the extent of about $670.

Francis C. Randolph, who is from one of the best families in the South, has been convicted of murder at Bogota, Columbia, and sentenced to be hanged. This ends one of the most prolonged efforts ever made to save an American citizen. He is charged with killing a German on September 5, 1895.

Bryan's Latest Utterance.

Wm. J. Bryan spent Thursday in Birmingham, Ala., and was given an enthusiastic reception, not only by the citizens of Birmingham alone, but by many from neighboring cities and towns, who came to hear the great leader talk on the current issues of the day. "What the Lord's Supper is to the Christian, so a Jefferson banquet is to a Democrat. Just as a good Christian would revolt at having the Sacrament administered by an infidel, so a good Democrat objects to having a Jefferson banquet presided over by Perry Belmont," was the epigrammatical manner in which Mr. Bryan referred to the much-talked-of New York banquet.

Choynski Whipped By McCoy.

With a superiority in cleverness, quickness and ring generalship which was apparent from the first round, "Kid" McCoy was very properly awarded the decision over Joe Choynski, at the end of the 20th round, before the National Athletic Club, in Mechanics' Pavillion, in San Francisco. It was a very pretty fight, but it was almost entirely in favor of the younger man. McCoy won and won easily.

Negro Suffrage "Absurd."

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, British Secretary of State for the Colonies, was questioned about the West Indies in the House of Commons. In reply, he said he thought it was impossible to give these islands representation in the government. It would be absurd, he declared, to give the negro universal enfranchisement.

Hanover Put to Death by Chloroform.

The famous American thoroughbred stallion, Hanover, 14 years old, by Hindoo, dam Bourbon Belle, was put to death in Lexington, Ky., by chloroform. Gangrene, of the left forefoot, result of killing of the nerves in it while racing, rendered the destruction of the horse necessary. Milton Young declined offers of $65,000 and $75,000 for him.

A Big Cigarette Company Incorporated.

Articles of incorporation of the Egyptian Tobacco Company, with a capital of $1,500,000, have been filed in Trenton, N. J. The company will engage in the manufacture of cigarettes. There are twenty incorporators in different towns in New York State.

STATE SQUIBS.

Treasurer Worth has sent out the following letter to sheriffs and tax collectors: "As we have received many inquiries relative to the changes in the revenue act, I send out this circular in advance of the revenue and machinery acts for distribution. In answer to many queries received at my office, the section relative to slot machines is as follows: 'On each slot machine where the return is uncertain, one hundred dollars. The tax in this section shall be paid to the sheriff or tax collector, but shall not be construed as giving license or relieving such person or establishment from the penalties incurred by violation of the law.' The new law requires that horse dealers pay $25 license tax to the State and no tax to the county, and persons who sell less than twenty head of horses or mules in any one year shall not be liable to said tax. The collection of the tax on piano and organ dealers and the tax on druggists' liquor license shall be paid to the sheriff or tax collector, instead of to the State Treasurer, as heretofore. The revenue and machinery act will be ready for distribution in about ten days, and will be sent to all sheriffs and tax collectors."

There is an evident mistake in section 32 of the Revenue Act, which imposes a graduated tax on the capital stock of banks. This section, as written in the original and ratified bill, and as printed in the Act is as follows: "Every State bank, savings bank or association conducting a business as contemplated in this section, any private banker, every money exchange, bond or note broker, whether operating as corporations or associations or privately as individuals, in addition to the ad valorem tax on their capital invested, shall pay annually to the State Treasurer a tax according to capital employed as follows: On a capital of $10,000 or less, $25 and $2 for each $1,000 of capital stock in excess of $25,000; also $25 additional for each county in which any of said banks, associations, bankers or brokers have an agency." It is evident that it should read and was so intended by those who framed the Act: "On a capital of $10,000 or less, $25 and $2 for each $1,000 of capitalin excess of $10,000." It is too late, however, to remedy the mistake. Nothing short of another Legislature can can do that. So all banks with a capital up to $25,000 (instead of $10,000) will be required to pay only $25 tax.

The act creating the North Carolina Corporation Commission gives the commission control and supervision over all the railroads, steamboats, express and sleeping car companies and of all other companies or corporations engaged in the carrying of freight and passengers, and of all the telegraph and telephone companies; of all public and private banks, building and loan associations, and of loan and trust companies. The commissioners and their clerk are allowed free transportation over the railroads when in actual performance of their official duties. The railroads are also allowed to give free transportation to destitute and homeless persons, to charitable societies, and to persons travelling in the interest of orphan asylums; also to the officers of the geological survey, to ex-Confederate soldiers attending annual reunions, and to their own officers or employes and the members of their families. The present commissioners hold until January, 1901, their successors being elected by the people at the next regular election. Their salary is $2,000 a year, each. The clerk's salary is $1,800. The Corporation Commission will be composed of Franklin McNeal, of Wilmington; S. L. Rogers, of Macon, and E. C. Beddingfield, of Wake.

Governor Russell has received a letter from the Navy Department tendering the use of the United States cruiser Prairie to the divisions of the Naval Brigade for their annual cruise. The vessel will arrive at Southport May 22d, at which point it is expected to take aboard the Naval Reserves and proceed to sea for the annual drill and instruction of the naval militia. The cruise is to last eight days, during which time the Tarheel sailors will be put through the usual manoeuvres aboard men-of-war, target practice being a special feature.

Mr. W. C. Munroe, of the Goldsboro bar, has been engaged for the last year or two annotating the North Carolina Supreme Court reports, and has about completed the work, which will be issued in four divisions. The first division and part of the second have already been published and have been sent out to subscribers.

It will be remembered that when the war with Spain was declared that nearly 1,000 Springfield rifles, the property of the State, were delivered to the Federal Government, and were sent to Cuba with the United States volunteers. The taking of this large number of guns left none in the armory and it was impracticable to drill any new companies that might be formed. The United States will not return the guns loaned, but instead will send new guns.

The failure of the North Carolina Car Company may cause some loss to the Baptist Female University of Raleigh. The company had the contract for the erection of the buildings for the University and had, it is thought, overdrawn the money due for the work so far done. Also, it is stated, some of the material used in the building has never been paid for and those who furnished it may take lien on the building.

The Secretary of State has incorporated the General Fire Equipment Company, of Charlotte. The capital stock is $5,000. The company is to have succession for thirty years and is formed for the purpose of dealing in and erecting automatic sprinklers, hydraulic systems, tank pumps, pipes, valves, steam-heating appliances, boilers and all kinds of machinery.

Prof. W. F. Massey, of the North Carolina College of Agricultural and Mechanic Arts, has in course of preparation a bulletin that will be in great demand by the farmers of the State, for it will be full of useful information and practical suggestions for them. It will be entitled, "Farming in North Carolina—some hints in regard to improvement of soils and their products."

The North Carolina Car Company has made an assignment. The National Bank of Raleigh is a creditor in the sum of $18,589. A deed of trust was executed in its favor.

Caught in a Steam Chest.

At Durham, N. C., a terrible accident happened and as a result Mr. W. H. Branson, secretary and treasurer of the East Durham Cotton Mills and the Pearl Cotton Mill, and Mr. J. C. Mathes, general superintendent of the East Durham Mill, are dead. They were in the pump room of the East Durham Mill, a small brick structure, when a five-inch steam pipe burst and they were scalded in a fearful manner. In fact both of the men were burned all over the body. The skin was peeled off in many places and the attending physicians said at the outset that they were in a serious condition.

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ELECTION FRAUDS, INTIMIDATION AND MURDER.

"THE MOST PAINFUL VOTE I EVER GAVE IN MY LIFE WAS FOR THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT. I DID NOT GIVE THAT VOTE AS A DEMOCRAT, NOR FOR THE SUCCESS OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY; BECAUSE I VERILY BELIEVE THAT IT WOULD BE BETTER FOR THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY FOR THE NEGRO TO CONTINUE AN ISSUE IN POLITICS. BUT I GAVE THE VOTE BECAUSE I FELT IT WOULD BE BETTER FOR THE POOR NEGRO WE HAVE LEARNED TO LOVE FOR HIS FAITHFULNESS. I VOTED FOR IT TO PUT AN END TO ELECTION FRAUDS, TO INTIMIDATIONS AND MURDER. I GAVE THAT VOTE FOR THE GOOD OF MY POPULIST AND WHITE REPUBLICAN FRIENDS WHO COULD, IF THE NEGRO WAS ELIMINATED FROM POLITICS, DISCUSS THE GREAT STATE AND NATIONAL ISSUES WITHOUT BEING CALLED "BLACK-HEARTED."-SENATOR OSBORNE, IN THE LEGISLATURE OF 1899.

The Associated Press each day announces that we have been trying to shoot the principles of the Declaration of Independence into a lot of Fillipinos and have murdered those that have objected to the process.

Several subscribers have written suggesting colonization as the only sure and permanent settlement of the negro question; but if this were done it would deprive a large class of politicians who live by howling "nigger in the woodpile" during campaigns of an occupation

No legislature has ever met in this State that was as hungry for office as the last legislature has proven itself. They not only did not abolish any of the many fusion offices they had so much to say about in the campaign, but they went to work and created many new offices for hungry pie eaters.

There were many things that Col. Andrews, overseer of the Southern Railway, was determined that the legislature should not do; and it did not do any of them. There was one thing that this overseer was determined it should do, and that was to whitewash the two Wilsons and reinstate them as Railroad Commissioners, and that thing it did do.

There are a number of men in the State whom overseer Andrews and the other railroad bosses would have been willing to trust as Railroad Commissioner, but there is no one they can trust as well as one whom they have tried and found acceptable to them. This probably explains why Beddingfield was elected. We can think of no other possible explanation.

The Supreme Court of the United States has just rendered a decision upholding the decision of our State Supreme Court, declaring the Wilkes county railroad bonds fraudulent and invalid. The Supreme Court of the United States, in their decision, say they express no opinion themselves, but that they follow their custom in upholding the decision of the States' Courts in such matters. Thus the people have another object lesson of the importance of having a non-partisan Supreme Court like the one we now have.

The News and Observer says that if the proposed constitutional amendment results in disfranchising a large number of white men that after it is adopted that then the Democratic machine can be trusted to change it by substituting another constitutional amendment that will not disfranchise these white men. But how can the fifty thousand white men who will be disfranchised have any voice to vote to change the wrong after it has been committed. Let every voter think about this before putting a haltar around his neck or the necks of his neighbors and then giving the end of the halter to the heartless politicians after his own hands are tied.

Recently certain Democratic and Republican newspapers have been loud in denouncing trusts, but it is noticeable that not a single one of these old party newspapers have offered a remedy for trusts. Not a single one of them have said that they were in favor of removing the causes that produce trusts. There is not a fifteen year old boy in America but what knows that the only proper and common sense way to kill trusts is to remove the causes that produce them. The cheese-paring process, however vigorous it may be carried on, will never up-root or stop the formation of trusts. But the miserable make-shift of anti-trust law passed by the last Legislature is not even a decent cheese-paring process. Every sentence in the bill as introduced by Mr. Stevens that was at least objectionable to the trusts was stricken from the bill before it was passed, at the dictation of the trusts.

The gold-bugs and monopolists in the Democratic party, with the help of the silver hypocrites in the party, are already boasting that they will be able to control or at least to block the next Democratic national convention. For more than a year THE CAUCASIAN has been pointing out this danger, and it has especially warned the silver Democrats of North Carolina that the scheme was on foot, and that that class of Democrats in the State who opposed co-operation in the last campaign as advised by Bryan and Jones, were the leaders in the movement. It will take only 308 votes in the next Democratic national convention to block it and prevent the nomination of Bryan. The gold bugs have already published a list of 314 votes that they are certain of controlling. The last Democratic campaign in this State and the action of the last Democratic Legislature is the strongest kind of encouragement to this gold and monopoly conspiracy.

Easy to Take
Easy to Operate

Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As one man said: "You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over." Use C. I. Hood & Co., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass. The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

The Supreme Court has just rendered an important decision in the case of Troxler vs. Southern Railway Co. This was a case where Troxler was injured in attempting to couple cars on the Southern Railroad, on which there were no automatic car couplers. The railroad claimed that Mr. Troxler should not recover damages because he was guilty of negligence himself, not being careful to protect himself from injury. The court holds on the other hand, that the failure of the railroad to equip its cars with modern safety appliances renders the company of negligence and continuing negligence, and makes the company liable for damages sustained by an employee even though the employee might himself have been negligent also.

The Court, in the opinion, cites the fact that Congress has passed a law, as far back as 1893, requiring all railroads to equip their cars with automatic couplers, which the Southern railway, in this case, had failed to do. The court holds further, that even if Congress had not passed this law that it is the duty of a public carrier to provide itself with all the new inventions and improvements, the advantages of which have been proven by general use, and especially any reasonable improvement that will protect life or limb; and that the failure of the railrod or any common carrier to do so renders it liable for damages to those injured thereby. The opinion of the Court further sets out the fact that in 1897 there were 1,693 men killed and 27,667 injured in the railway service, while in the recent Spanish war there were only 298 persons killed and 1,645 wounded all told, showing that there were nearly six times as many railway employees killed and nearly twenty times as many employees wounded as there were soldiers killed or wounded in a great and glorious war against one of the oldest kingdoms of Europe. The Court further points out the fact that since the law was passed by Congress in 1893 requiring automatic couplers to be put on all cars that while only part of the roads have complied so far with the law, yet there were last year 219 fewer employees killed and 4,994 fewer wounded from coupling and uncoupling cars alone, than in 1893 when the law was passed and when there was no automatic couplers, notwithstanding the fact that there are many more trains and many more miles of railway, and therefore many more persons employed in railway service, than there were in 1893.

These are very significant, not to say startling facts; yet in the face of these facts it will be remembered that that the recent Democratic legislature tried to pass a bill excusing the railroad companies from furnishing their cars with automatic couplers, or rather extending the time, in the face of the fact that hundreds and thousands are each year being killed by this criminal negligence of the railroads. This one fact alone is an index of how far removed the last legislature was from the people and their real interests and how much it was under the influence of corporations, monopolies and trusts.

It is of much more importance to the corporations and especially the railroads, to control the courts than it is to control the legislature. As a rule the railroads succeed in nearly every state and in practically every Federal court in getting men for judges who they either control absolutely or who are so blessed in favor of railroads as to be unable to see fairly both sides. The present Supreme Court of North Carolina, however, is a shining example of a fair, bold, and impartial tribunal which has risen above the poisoning influence of corporations and deals out absolute justice without regard to fear or favor from either rich or poor. It is to be hoped that North Carolina will he so fortunate as to always have such a Supreme Court. The difference between the last legislature and the present Supreme Court is almost as wide as the difference between day and night. It is said that members of the last legislature seriously discussed whether or not there was any possible way by which the legislature could abolish the court or re-organize it. There is nothing that the corporations and monopolists that contribute large sums of money to the Democratic campaign fund so much desire as to get rid of the present Supreme Court and if there had been any way under high heaven by which that legislature could have legislated the court out of existence there is no doubt it would have done so. How fortunate it was there was not a Supreme Court to elect last fall. If there had been, behind the cry of negro the monopolists would have succeeded in packing the court just as they packed the legislature.

That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for sick and nervous headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured.

Sold by all druggists.

"AT LEAST BE FAIR."

The Times-Mercury Gives Some Facts in Reply to a False Charge Made by the Charlotte Observer.

Hickory Times-Mercury:

During the closing days of Congress we marked an editorial in the Charlotte Observer which most unfairly criticises Senator Butler, and laid it aside to comment on it. We have unfortunately misplaced the paper, but the substance, if not the exact language of the part of the editorial referred to is as follows:

"Mr. Butler, of North Carolina, consumes a great deal of the time of the Senate, but nothing he says amounts to a row of pins. He has never gotten a measure through the Senate and he only talks to occupy time and obstruct the public business at the cost of the people's money, etc."

It is true that the Charlotte Observer and certain other North Carolina papers have tried to make the State think that the above was a true statement about Senator Butler, not only by making such editorial utterances, but by refusing to publish the facts and giving him the credit for what he has done. We can always find out more about what Senator Butler and the other Populists are doing in papers published outside of the State than we can from the Democratic State papers. But it happens that in the very issue of the Charlotte Observer in which the above editorial appeared, there was published in it an associated press dispatch, announcing the fact that Senator Butler had succeeded in defeating the scheme for a subsidy to a Pacific cable company and had succeeded in getting the appropriation committee to accept and adopt his amendment providing for a government cable to be built by the Navy Department and then to be turned over to the Post Office Department to be operated as a part of the Postal system. It was noticeable, however, that the Charlotte Observer put this dispatch on its fourth page in an insignificant corner next to advertising and put no headlines over it, while such papers as the New York World and the New York Journal of the same day published the same news item on their front pages with prominent headlines.

This is simply one illustration of the splendid work that Senator Butler and the other Populist Congressmen and Senators are constantly doing in Washington, and is an illustration of the unfairness of many Democratic newspapers in North Carolina in suppressing the news and in editorially misrepresenting them.

Who was it that exposed the Armor Plate frauds and stopped the steal and offered an amendment providing for the establishment of a government armor plate factory and passed it through the Senate at this last session of Congress? It was this same "Mr. Butler of North Carolina," who, the Charlotte Observer says, amounts to nothing and who talks against time and has never gotten a measure through the Senate.

Who was it that got an increased appropriation in every item of the River and Harbor appropriation bill for North Carolina above the amount passed by the House in this last Congress and in the Congress before; and besides, got new items added in the Senate that were not in the House bill? It was this same "Mr. Butler, of North Carolina."

Who was it that got a forty thousand dollar increase for Geological Survey work, the most of which will be used in North Carolina under the direction of Professor Holmes, as an amendment to the Sundry Civil bill? It was this same "Mr. Butler of North Carolina."

Who was it that formulated and pushed through the Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads the bill for a system of Postal Savings banks, and prepared in support of the bill an able report that is attracting attention of the newspapers in nearly every state in the Union, but North Carolina?

Who was it that succeeded in doing this for the first time in twenty years, though postal savings bank bills have been offered every year during that time? It was this same "Mr. Butler of North Carolina."

Who was it that introduced a bill in less than three weeks after he first became a member of the Senate prohibiting the further issuing of interest-bearing bonds without the consent of Congress, and in less than three months, after a most bitter fight, succeeded in passing it through the Senate by a good majority? It was this same "Mr. Butler of North Carolina."

Who was it that succeeded in the Congress before the last in passing a bill through Congress providing for the establishment in North Carolina of one of the largest fish hatcheries in the United States, and who in the last Congress secured the annual appropriation for the operating expenses of this hatchery, though the hatchery had not been commenced on account of the failure of the State Legislature of North Carolina, to pass a bill granting sovereignty over site for said hatchery to the government? It was this same "Mr. Butler of North Carolina."

Who was it that commenced and led the fight—who checked, exposed and prevented the conspiracy of the Navy Department to rob Admiral Schley of his glory and just deserts as the hero of Santiago, and to promote Capt. Sampson as an Admiral over his head, and who not only commenced this fight but who refused to surrender even when Senators Gorman and Wellington of Schley's own State surrendered, and announced publicly that they were willing for Sampson to be advanced above Schley; and who continued the fight until Schley was promoted two numbers above Sampson? It was this same "Mr. Butler of North Carolina."

Who was it that held up and defeated the nominations of a number of negro postmasters in Eastern North Carolina? It was this same "Mr. Butler of North Carolina."

Who was it that held up in the Senate the bill dividing cases of contempt of court into two classes and offered and secured the adoption of an amendment providing that in case of contempt committed out of the presence of the court that the person charged with the offense should be guaranteed the right of trial, which right was denied by the bill as passed by the Judiciary Committee and reported to the Senate; and which amendment was endorsed by the Democratic national convention in the Chicago platform of 1896? It was this same "Mr. Butler, of North Carolina."

Who was it that succeeded in passing three times a bill for a public building at Durham and a bill to erect monuments to Generals Nash and Davidson, and numbers of other bills of equal importance, which would have become laws if they had passed the House? It was this same "Mr. Butler of North Carolina."

By referring to the Congressional Record to refresh our memory we could continue this list, but these serve as samples to show the work that he is doing, but which facts certain papers in North Carolina try to keep from the public, while editorially they abuse him. The Record will show that no member of the Senate is more alert and active and a more tireless worker wherever the interests of his State are concerned or the general public welfare than is this same "Mr. Butler, of North Carolina."

Considering the fact that the majority of the Senate is hostile to nearly all of his views that he holds, it is perfectly wonderful that he has succeeded so well. A man of less ability and less energy would have accomplished absolutely nothing and made no impression whatever. Senator Ransom was in the Senate over twenty years, yet we challenge the Charlotte Observer to show that he did during the whole time that he was in the Senate, with the benefit of long experience and service, as much as this "Mr. Butler, of North Carolina" has accomplished.

Whether the Charlotte Observer likes Mr. Butler or likes the People's Party, it is certainly due it to itself as a newspaper to be at least fair.

Constipation of the Bowels may be easily cured by a few doses of Dr. A. Simmons' Liver medicine.

"Better Be Wise Than Rich."

Wise people are also rich when they know a perfect remedy for all annoying diseases of the blood, kidneys, liver and bowels. It is Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is perfect in its action. It so regulates the entire system as to bring vigorous health. It never disappoints.

Goitre—"For 42 years I had goitre, or swellings on my neck, which was discouraging and troublesome. Rheumatism also annoyed me. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me completely and the swelling has entirely disappeared. A lady in Michigan saw my previous testimonial and used Hood's and was entirely cured of the same trouble. She thanked me for recommending it." MRS. ANNA SUTHERLAND, 406 Lovel Street, Kalamazoo, Mich.

Poor Health—"Had poor health for years, pains in shoulders, back and hips, with constant headache, nervousness and no appetite. Used Hood's Sarsaparilla, gained strength and can work hard all day; eat heartily and sleep well. I took it because it helped my husband." MRS. ELIZABETH J. GIFFELS, Moose Lake, Minn.

Makes Weak Strong—"I would give $5 a bottle for Hood's Sarsaparilla if I could not get it for less. It is the best spring medicine. It makes the weak strong." ALBERT A. JAGNOW, Douglastown, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"A MONSTROUS ABSURDITY."

Many Good Democrats Opposed to the "Grand-son of His Grand-father" Constitutional Amendment Clause.

The correspondent of the Charlotte Observer, writing to that paper from Fayetteville, under date of March 4th, says:

The Observer correctly guages public sentiment in throwing out a word of warning against taking for granted the carrying at the ballot box of the suffrage constitutional amendment. It will require hard work from the rank and file and leaders of the party. There is certainly no cloud on the title of the Cape Fear Democracy to orthodoxy, but the writer is surprised at the number of leading Democrats whom he meets opposed to the amendment. The clause about the "grand son of his grandfather" is especially decried as a monstrous absurdity.

The suffrage amendment referred to above, which was adopted by the last Legislature, is as follows:

THE SUFFRAGE AMENDMENT.

Section 1. That Article VI of the Constitution of North Carolina be, and the same is hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof shall be substituted the following Article of Said Constitution:

ARTICLE VI.

Suffrage and Eligibility to Office—Qualifications of an Elector.

Section 1. Every male person born in the United States, and every male person who has been naturalized, 21 years of age and possessing the qualifications set out in this Article shall be entitled to vote at any election by the people in the State, except as herein otherwise provided.

Sec. 2. He shall have resided in the State of North Carolina for two years, in the county six months and in the precinct, ward or other election district, in which he offers to vote four months next preceding the election: Provided, That removal from one precinct, ward or other election district to another in the same county, shall not operate to deprive any person of the right to vote in a precinct, ward or other election district from which he has removed until after such removal. No person who has been convicted, or who has confessed his guilt in open court upon indictment, of any crime, the punishment of which is, or may thereafter be, imprisonment in the State prison, shall be permitted to vote unless the said person shall be first restored to citizenship in the manner prescribed by law.

Sec. 3. Every person offering to vote shall be at the time a legally registered voter as herein prescribed and in the manner hereinafter provided by law, and the General Assembly of North Carolina shall enact general registration laws to carry into effect the provisions of this Article.

Sec. 4. Every person presenting himself for registration shall be able to read and write any section of the Constitution in the English language; and, in addition thereto, shall have paid on or before the first day of March of the year in which he proposes to vote, his poll tax, as prescribed by law, for the previous year, and he shall exhibit his receipt therefor when he offers to vote. Poll taxes shall be a lien only on assessed property, and no process shall issue to enforce the collection of the same except against assessed property.

Sec. 5. No male person, who was on January 1, 1867, or at any time prior thereto, entitled to vote under the laws of any State in the United States wherein he then resided, and no lineal decendent of any such person; shall be denied the right to register and vote at any election in this State by reason of his failure to possess the educational qualifications prescribed in section 4 of this Article: Provided, He shall have registered in accordance with this Article prior to December 1, 1908, and no person shall be entitled to register under this section after that date.

The General Assembly shall, at its first session after the adoption of this amendment, provide the manner in which the classes of persons provided for in this section shall register.

Sec. 6. All elections by the people shall be by ballot, and all elections by the General Assembly shall be viva voce.

Sec. 7. Every voter in North Carolina, except as in this Article qualified, shall be eligible to office, but before entering upon the duties of the office he shall take and subscribe the following oath: "I, ..., do solemnly swear or affirm, that I will support and maintain the constitution of the United States and the constitution and laws of North Carolina, not inconsistent therewith, and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of my office as ..... So help me God."

Sec. 8. The following classes of persons shall be disqualified for office: First, all persons who deny the being of Almighty God. Second, all persons who shall have been convicted or confessed their guilt or indictment pending, and whether sentenced or not; or under judgment suspended, of any treason or felony, or any other crime for which the punishment may be imprisonment in the penitentiary, since becoming citizens of the United States, of corruption and malpractice in office unless such person shall be restored to the rights of citizenship in a manner prescribed by law.

Sec. 9. The act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

People say Hood's Sarsaparilla cures when all other preparations fail to do any good, and you run no risk in giving it a fair trial.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth,

be sure and use that old and well tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents per bottle.

The Prayer of a Devout Parrot.

A resident of Pittsburg who spent a part of last summer in England, tells in an exchange an incident which sadly disturbed the religious peace of a parish in Penzance. A maiden lady of that town owned a parrot which somehow acquired the disagreeable habit of observing at frequent intervals: "I wish the old lady would die." This annoyed the birds owner, who spoke to her curate about it.

"I think we can rectify the matter," replied the good man. "I also have a parrot, and he is a righteous bird, having been brought up in the way he should go. I will lend you my parrot and I trust his influence will reform that depraved bird of yours."

The curate parrot was placed in the same room with the wicked one, and as soon as the two had become accustomed to each other the bad bird remarked, "I wish the old lady would die." Whereupon the clergyman's bird rolled up his eyes and in solemn accents added, "We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord."

The story got out in the parish, and for several Sundays it was necessary to omit the litany at the church services.—Saturday Evening Post.

Better Than Ever.

"I suffered from a skin disease and had such an intense itching that I could hardly sleep at night. Nothing gave me as much relief as Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have taken three bottles of it and now have better health than ever in my life before." GILBERT T. PAYNE, 501 North Augusta Street, Staunton, Va.

Hood's Pills give strength even while their cathartic qualities are at work. Easy to take.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss
LUCAS COUNTY,

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, county and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

SEAL

A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Ladies desiring a contented and happy old age should use Simmons Squaw Vine Wine or Tablets, commencing at 40 years old and continue during "Change of Life."

No other medicine builds up and fortifies the system against miscarriages as well as Simmons Squaw Vine Wine of Tablets.

Albert S. Brown, Marion, N. C., writes: My mother was greatly relieved of Disordered Liver by the use of Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine. Have used it myself with great benefit.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours: a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. At druggists fifty cents or one dollar.

You may have a sample bottle and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail, if you send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing be sure and mention that you read this generous offer in THE CAUCASIAN.

The Truth About Catarrh.

Deputy U. S. Marshal William T. Harness of Ohio, writes to Dr. Hartman.

MULTITUDES of men are cursed with catarrh. The disgusting disease gets hold and clings; it baffles all local treatment; it penetrates to every organ of the body. It is consumption! It is gastritis! Its names are legion. The man with catarrh of the stomach, commonly called indigestion, knows what suffering is. His enemy is always with him; it haunts him at the table; it follows him when he lies down to rest.

"Relief" is eagerly sought and paid for in suffering. William T. Harness, Deputy United States Marshal Southern District of Ohio, is completely cured of catarrh of the head and stomach by Dr. Hartman's treatment. Mr. Harness, whose picture is printed here, is one of the best known and most popular democrats in Southern Ohio, his popularity being fully demonstrated by his election for three successive terms to office in the republican county of Washington. He was appointed Deputy United States Marshal during the administration of President Cleveland, and his record in that office has been an enviable one.

OFFICE OF UNITED STATES MARSHAL, SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO, CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 6, 1897.

Dr. Hartman, Pres. Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

DEAR SIR:—It affords me much pleasure to bear testimony to the worth of your medicines, Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin. I have been troubled with catarrh of the head and stomach; I have used many of the best known and most widely advertised medicines but found no permanent relief. About one year ago I began to take your Pe-ru-na and I am pleased to say that I now consider myself completely cured of catarrh. I was also troubled with indigestion, and have used your Man-a-lin for four months, but have not found it necessary to use it more. Yours truly,

WILLIAM T. HARNESS.

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The subscription price of Demorest's is reduced to $1.00 a year.

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DEMOREST'S FAMILY MAGAZINE is more than a FASHION MAGAZINE, although it gives the very latest home and foreign fashions each month; this is only one of its many valuable features. It has something for each member of the family, for every department of the household, and its varied contents are of the highest grade, making it pre-eminently THE FAMILY MAGAZINE OF THE WORLD. It furnishes the best thoughts of the most interesting and most progressive writers of the day, and is abreast of the times in everything—Art, Literature, Science, Society Affairs, Fiction, Household Matters, Sports, etc.—a single number frequently containing from 200 to 300 fine engravings, making it the MOST COMPLETE AND MOST PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED of the GREAT MONTHLIES.

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Subscribers are entitled each month to patterns of the latest fashions in women's attire AT NO COST TO THEM other than that necessary for postage and wrapping.

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than a year's subscription to DEMOREST'S MAGAZINE can be made. By subscribing AT ONCE you can get the magazine at the reduced price, and will also receive the handsome 25-cent X-mas Number with its beautiful panel picture supplement.

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RALEIGH, N. C.,

W. S. BARNES,

General Manager.

Our brands are "Lemon Wrapper" Guano, "Farmers' Choice" Guano, "O. K." Guano and "B.B." Acid Phosphate. We sell to farmers direct and at farmers' prices. A home company and not in a trust. Our prices are low and goods not excelled. ja26

Rob Childbirth of its Terrors and Minimize the Pain and Dangers of Labor by using Simmons Squaw Vine Wine or Tablets.

Foul-Smelling Catarrh.

Catarrh is one of the most obstinate diseases, and hence the most difficult to get rid of.

There is but one way to cure it. The disease is in the blood, and all the sprays, washes and inhaling mixtures in the world can have no permanent effect whatever upon it. Swift's Specific cures Catarrh permanently, for it is the only remedy which can reach the disease and force it from the blood.

Mr. B. P. McAllister, of Harrodsburg, Ky., had Catarrh for years. He writes: "I could see no improvement whatever, though I was constantly treated with sprays and washes, and different inhaling remedies—in fact, I could feel that each winter I was worse than the year previous. "Finally it was brought to my notice that Catarrh was a blood disease, and after thinking over the matter, I saw it was unreasonable to expect to be cured by remedies which only reached the surface. I then decided to try S. S. S., and after a few bottles were used, I noticed a perceptible improvement. Continuing the remedy, the disease was forced out of my system, and a complete cure was the result. I advise all who have this dreadful disease to abandon their local treatment, which has never done them any good, and take S. S. S., a remedy that can reach the disease and cure it."

To continue the wrong treatment for Catarrh is to continue to suffer. Swift's Specific is a real blood remedy, and cures obstinate, deep-seated diseases which other remedies have no effect whatever upon. It promptly reaches Catarrh, and never fails to cure even the most aggravated cases.

S.S.S. For The Blood

Is Purely Vegetable, and is the only blood remedy guaranteed to contain no dangerous minerals.

Books mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

SEND US ONE DOLLAR and this ad. and we will send you this big stove. Our new 1899 pattern high grade RESERVOIR COAL AND WOOD COOK STOVE, by freight C.O.D., subject to examination. Examine it at your freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory and the greatest stove bargain you ever saw or heard of, pay the freight agent our SPECIAL PRICE, $13.00 less the $1.00 sent with order, or $15.00 and freight charges. This stove is also No. K, owns to its name, is 6 full, made from best pig iron, extra large fire box, duplex grate, large oven, heavy linings and grates, large ornamental nickel-plated urn, nickel-lined oven door, handsome nickel-plated ornamental panel, large deep reservoir, extra large deep ash sifter, large polished nickel towel rack, full nickel trimmings, best coal burner made, and we furnish FREE a full set of pots, a perfect wood burner, WE INSERT A FIVE YEAR GUARANTEE with every stove and guarantee it to be satisfactory in every respect. Your local freight agent will charge you only $1.00 for such a stove, the freight rate being about $1.00 for each 100 miles we are from you at your R.R. address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Incorporated) (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

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A QUICK CURE FOR

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VERY VALUABLE remedy in all affections of the

THROAT OR LUNGS.

Large Bottles, 25c.

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PROPS OF PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER.

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All Chemists and Druggists.

DROPSY CURED with vegetable Remedies. Have cured many thousand cases called hopeless. In ten days at least two-thirds of all symptoms removed. Testimonials and TEN DAYS treatment free. DR. E. H. GREEN'S SONS Box K. Atlanta Ga.

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Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

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Stand comparison,
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Wonderful value $50. We want an agent in every city or county.

THE SOUDAN MFG CO.,
488 Carroll Ave.,
CHICAGO ILL.

Sale.

On thursday, April 13th, 1899, I will sell at public auction, at the residence of the late J. A. Killette, a lot of Machinery, to wit: 2 Boilers 18 and 20 horse-power; 1 engine, 18-horse power; 1 grist mill; 1 saw mill; 1 cotton gin, press, wire, ropes, and shaftings to same. The above property belonging to Julian A. Killette deceased.

Terms will be made known on day of sale.

M. M. KILLETTE.

Mch 10th, '99.
4t.

Young People FREE: $20.00 IN GOLD, Bicycle, Gold Watch, Diamond Ring, or a Scholarship in Draughon's Practical Business College, Nashville, Tenn., or Texarkana, Tex., or a scholarship at most any other reputable business college or literary school in the U. S. can be secured by doing a little work at home for the Youths' Advocate, an illustrated semi-monthly journal. It is entertaining in character, moral in tone, and especially interesting and profitable to young people. It is read with interest and profit by people of all ages. Stories and other interesting matter well illustrated. Sample copies sent free. Agents wanted. Address Youths' Advocate Pub. Co. Nashville, Tenn. [Mention this paper.]

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. DR. B. M. WOOLLEY CO. Atlanta Ga. Office 104 North Pryor St.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

THE CAUCASIAN.

Raleigh, N. C., March 30

BRYAN AND GOLDBUGS.

THE MISTAKES OF THE LAST LEGISLATURE.

Waiting to Hear From the Populists—The Cold, Rain and Mud—The Separate Car Law Endorsed—Anxious to See the New Laws.

HICKORY, N. C., Mar., 27, 1899.

The many recent heavy rains have not only put farmers behind, but retarded business generally. The roads are so bad it is almost impossible to travel through them with empty, much less loaded teams.

The fruit crop, as well as that of wheat and oats, have been damaged by the cold. In many places, there will be no peaches. And while the low lands have been flooded, the uplands have been washed into gulleys.

Never have our people in this part of the State been so late preparing the land and gardening. Some have planted potatoes, peas, etc., but the ground is so cold and wet, they say the seed would better out of the ground.

Business generally is dull. Merchants have no trade. The farmers can't get to town. Our wood manufacturers manage to run most of the time. A good many laborers are out of employment, and those having jobs, get scanty wages.

Our people are anxious to see the new laws come out. They want to learn how many grievous mistakes the "wise" men in the legislature did make. If the reports be true, they made more mistakes than any legislature that ever met in the State.

That revenue act is a plumb honey. Who got that up, any how? Didn't they bust though, on their graduated tax on banks? The idea of making a bank with $10,000 capital pay as much as one with $25,000 capital. Suppose a "fusion gang" had done such a thing? Why, you would have never heard the last of it. It would have been "incompetency." What is it now?

But that's not all. How about making the orders of Knights of Honor, Knights of Pythians, Royal Arcanum, etc for the same taxes as the old line insurance companies, which go into the business for profit and pay their officers big salaries? They say this was a mistake. Suppose the "fusionists" had done such a thing, what would the Democratic papers have said? How they would have tried to array these orders against them.

Then how about that Goldsboro charter to give "white rule" in that town. It's said they made a "bull pen" of it sure enough. Democrats are great sticklers on the subject of voting. They know just how to fix it—too "wise" to make mistakes, you know. It's reported that the "new charter" reads: "All voters for mayor must be put in one box, and all voters for aldermen must be put in another box." They meant "votes." It will take pretty big boxes, won't it, to hold all them negroes and white voters? But how they can put one voter in two boxes, we cannot see. Perhaps they will prepare boxes just large enough to hold the Democrats. Even the negroes can't help but grin when they hear of this. Just suppose the "fusionists" had made such a mistake; why, they could not go anywhere without every little boy throwing it in their teeth.

Then they were so anxious to provide "pie" for the boys, that they actually issued out rations for sixty-two weeks in a year instead of fifty-two. Why, the years are not long enough for a Democrat, when he is at the pie counter. In granting court weeks for the various counties in the western criminal districts, they actually gave each district, with only one judge, 62 weeks of court in a year. Two or three judges and all the lawyers have been working several days to figure out some plan to change the calander. They don't want to put on a night force. That might interfere with their game of whist. That's the criminal district they cursed the "fusionists" for creating, and said it was not needed. That's the way they repealed it, tacked on ten more weeks in a year to it.

No one, so far has been able to explain that "honest election law.' Some say it will disfranchise all over 46 years old, one-legged soldiers and others who do not pay a poll tax. Because this law requires them to show their poll tax receipt before they can vote. I asked a Democratic lawyer about it. He said such a person could prove his age. We asked him if this same "wise" law did not say he must prove his age by two living witnesses, and if he was challenged on election day without any previous notice on what grounds, how many such did he think could vote unless the election judges took the matter into their own hands and violated their oaths to carry out that "honest election law?" He drew a very long breath and said: "well, a way will be be provided." I understand that to mean, that there are but two chances for such a man to vote. He must either vote the Democratic ticket or pay some lawyer a fee, to beg the judges to let him vote some other ticket. Now this is the size of it. The lawyers did not run the last legislature for nothing. But white men in this part of the State are going to vote as they please, or cease to pay taxes. They claim that the people are greater than any law. But suppose "fusionists" had enacted such a fool law. Could they have outlived it? Hardly.

A Democratic judge asked a Democratic editor the other day if he thought the amendment would carry. The editor replied: "watch the CAUCASIAN. If that advocates the amendment, it will carry, if it opposes the amendment, it will not only be voted down, but the Democrats will lose the next legislature."

The people of all parties are anxious to know what grounds the Populists are going to take in regard to the amendment. In this section, with the lights now before them, Populists are opposed to it. They don't care so much about its being placed in the constitution as they, as a party, do not want to be held responsible for it. For there is a day of retribution coming. It will disfranchise white men, and that will not do. This State is not like South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi and some other Southern States. Its citizens are free men and believe in human rights and personal liberties, and as it was first to declare for independence, its citizens will be the last to submit to political reform.

The "Jim crow car" law seems to be agreeable to all, some say it does not go far enough. As livery men are public carriers, they say, "it should apply to them too. They should not only not be allowed to send them in the same turnout, but not send ladies out with colored drivers, claiming that this is more dangerous and more embarrassing to ladies than riding with them in first-class cars. In the latter, there is the conductor and nearly always other white men on to protect any white lady from any insult or embarressment that she might in the least fall heir to. But when a liveryman puts a negro to drive a lady or ladies out from one to twenty miles alone, she or they have no protection. Then they are compelled to sit as close to them as in a car." But a law that does not go far enough, should not be condemned. It can be amended to meet all needs. Besides, liverymen would hardly send a lady out with an objectionable driver, at least they would not in this section. But such laws are made to meet exceptional cases, and on that ground, this law could have been made broader.

The war of 1900 has begun. The gold bugs have begun to fight Bryan. We are not surprised to see the Democratic ring in New York fight him, but a little surprised to hear some in this section who hollered themselves hoarse for Bryan two years ago, now taking up for the Cleveland and Belmont faction. Then such gold bug sheets as the Charlottee Observer is getting awful religious. It seems they want to get a monopoly on heaven, and have all them golden streets all to themselves. It wasn't "sacrilege" for the Observer to ridicule the church and christian people of Charlotte because they wanted to shut up the bar-rooms in that great city. It makes Bryan stronger for such papers as the Observer to fight him. Bryan is the biggest man today in the Democratic party. We heard a Democrat say the other day that for this time, they had better drop Bryan and nominate Teller. About the best thing they can do is to nominate Bryan and Teller.

We are glad to know Bryan is going to New York. The Charlotte News says it can stand Butler's being there, but hopes its not true that Congressman White is to be there. Why, that's Democracy. It does not indicate that the negroes will be disfranchised. Democrats have another trick to work.

J. F. C.

Story of a Slave

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst forms of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester, Mich., tells how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of electric Bitters, she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work. "This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, headache, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. This miracle working medicine is a godsend to weak, sickly, run down people. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents.

Sold by all druggists.

THE NEW BULL-PEN ELECTION LAW

Its Provisions as Interpreted by a Leading Democratic Paper.

The recent Legislature repealed the non-partisan election laws of 1895 and 1897, which guaranteed to every party the right to be represented on election boards by election officers of their own choosing, and enacted an election law more vicious than infamous Simmons Bull-Pen Election law that was in force before 1895.

The leading provisions of this law as published by the Raleigh News & Observer are as follows:

1. That the election for State and county officers shall be held on the first Thursday in August and every two years thereafter.

2. That there shall be a State board of elections composed of five persons elected by the Legislature for a term of two years.

3. That there shall be a county board of elections consisting of three persons, appointed by State board for a term of two years.

4. That the State Board of elections shall meet in Raleigh the first Monday in May, 1899, and organize by electing one of their number chairman and another secretary. Another meeting shall be held on the first Monday in April in each election year. Special meetings may be called when necessary. For their services the board shall receive four dollars a day and traveling expenses.

5. That the county boards shall appoint all registrars and judges of elections. Members of the county boards may be removed by the State board; and the county board in turn may remove any registrar or judge of election.

6. That county boards must meet not later than the first Monday in May for organization, and for dividing the counties into precincts and polling places.

7. That before the next general election there shall be an entirely new registration. Among questions to be asked applicant is "whether he has listed his poll for taxation for the current year in which he applies for registration, and for the year next preceding. And if any applicant shall falsely swear he has listed his poll for taxation, he shall be guilty of perjury and and punished as prescribed by law."

8. That the registration books shall be kept open twenty days and closed on the second Saturday before the election. On each Saturday during the period the registrar shall go to the polling place to register voters. On such days the books shall be open for inspection by the voters of the precinct. There shall be no no registering on election day, but voters may be challenged.

9. That on or before the first Monday in July the county board shall appoint two judges of election for each precinct.

10. That to prevent disorder as many as three special officers may be appointed by the registrars and judge of election.

11. That there shall be one ballot for all State officers, one for judges of different courts, one for members of General Assembly, one for county officers, and one for township officers. That all ballots for each of these classes of officers shall be the same size, on white paper and without device. The size of the ballot must be prescribed by the State board of elections. Tickets in the wrong box shall not be counted.

12. That the members of the several boards of election shall constitute the board of county canvassers, which shall meet at the court house second day after the election, canvass the returns, and declare the result at the court house door.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michael Curtain, Plainfield, Ill, makes the statement that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her that she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefitted from first dose. She continued its use and after taking six bottles, found herself sound and well; now does her own housework, and is as well as she ever was.

Sold by all druggists.

Memorial Cards.

Beautifully colored Memorial Cards 14x22 inches, name of Deceased in bronze. If you have had any dear relative to die and desire one of these cards, address Southern Memorial Co., Raleigh, N. C.

Their Doctors Use It.

Relief Society of Chicago Endorses Paine's Celery Compound.

The work of the average woman, whether she be in charge of a household, where the work is always doing, but never done, or behind a counter, or in a schoolroom, is of a sort that rarely leaves her with strength or inclination for anyhing else.

The strain upon most women's nerves is so great that a breakdown stares many of them constantly in the face, which means loss of work, doctors bills and discouragement.

One of the earliest and one of the most infallible indications of failing nervous strength is the inability to sleep soundly.

No fact is more clearly established than that sleep repairs the tired nervous tissues and that the loss of sleep deranges the health more quickly and more seriously than any other privation the body can suffer. The great effort, then, of every poor sleeper should be to strengthen the nerves. The fact that hundreds of men and and women in every community have been cured of insomnia by Paine's celery compound tells its own story of the invigorating effect of this wonderful remedy, not only upon the nerves, but upon the entire nervous system.

Physicians prescribe Paine's celery compound where the nerves have become so exhausted that not only sleep but digestion is interfered with. Its immediate invigorating effect in such cases is shown in the following letter from Mrs. Fannie West, president of the South Side relief society of Chicago. The letter is dated December 12th, 1898:

"We feel very glad to acknowledge the fine qualities of Paine's celery compound. It is the best remedy we know of for building up the nervous system, Our doctors prescribe it, and it always gives immediate relief."

Back of nervousness, sleeplessness and many of the peculiar ailments of women is poverty of the blood. Paleness, thinness of body and weakness are evidences of poor blood. In some cases palpation of the heart is complained of, and when the poverty is greatest, the lips are pallid and the tongue almost colorless.

In these cases of anæmia if Paine,s celery compound is used the gain from day to day is plainly noticeablo. Its tonic effect in renewing the blood and restoring the strength has been little short of miraculous in cases of extreme emaciation and nervous prostration.

If a woman feels that she is loosing ground in weight and strength she should set about increasing the blood supply at once with the aid of Paine's celery sompound.

Give the greatest of all remedies a trial.

BEFORE AND AFTER TAKING.

Some Things the People of the State Have Not Had and Some Things the People Will Now Have Under Democratic ? Rule—The Restoration of the "Bull-P n," Etc.

WOODVILLE, N. C.,
March 20, 1899.

ED. CAUCASIAN:—That august (?) body, the General Assembly of North Carolina of the year of our Lord, 1899, having taken a recess from its labors, we naturally content ourselves with this PARTIAL "saving of the country" till our complete salvation shall be made sure by the finishing strokes and touches promised at the adjourned meeting in July of next year. If the deferred session of this body of solons (?) proves as wonderful in wisdom (?) and patriotism (?) as the one just come to a close there will, indeed, be cause for much rejoicing (?) in the land, for the dear people will have been saved from the appalling doom that has hung over them since the beginning of the "shameful misrule" of Populists, Republicans and fusionists—"that has," according to Mr. Simmons, "sprung up in North Carolina" who had the audacity to dispute the indefeasible right, title and interest of the Ransoms and Jarvises and Simmons and Glenns in and to the administration and control of the State government—gentlemen in whose magnanimous (?) hearts the sentiment of love of country has so strikingly developed, and in whose heads such marvelous (?) cunning in statecraft was fostered by the shining (?) example and sage (?) tutelage of the immaculate (?) and sapient (?) Grover Cleveland. And, truly, every sinner of the "pops," "pubs" and "fusionists" should make haste to repent (by joining the Democratic (?) party) lest the wrath of his enemies—their dear friends (?) of the poeple—come upon his head. How contemptibly cruel in this "horde" of "pie-hunters" to have so dissembled before the people as during the last four years and more, as the more conspicuously appears by contrast with the faithful (?) service just begun, and to be continued and ended, in the cause of good (?) government! What a pity, what a pity! that these great (?) and good (?) disciples of that noble (?) tribune of the American people, now quietly, at his bond-issue-bought retreat at Princeton, enjoying the love (?) and esteem (?) of a people he has made so prosperous (?) and happy (?), were so late in coming to the rescue of the white people of the State from "negro domination and supremacy," unjust taxation, debauched conduct of the various State institutions, destruction of the Democratic (?) county government system, and (worst of all) an election law that destroyed that invaluable instrument of electoral legerdemain—the "Bull Pen."

But should we not be grateful for rescue even at a late hour? Yes, it has come at last! And now that this miserable "horde" of office-seekers, born of an unholy and unlawful organization of tillers of the soil, who were such fools as to presume to question the fidelity (?) of the leaders of the "grand old party," has been made to "bite the dust," how glorious (?) is the prospect of the State's salvation (?)! No more of this "old fogy" way of allowing every man to vote who is of full age, native or naturalized, has kept out of the penitentiary, etc. Farewell, a long farewell, to "negro domination!" (if the Democrats can spare him.) Let taxation come! The ship of state will be honestly (?) and ably (?) officered by bourbons of the Ransom ilk; we we will have a sober judiciary; the Democratic (?) county government system will be restored as a long desired blessing of a free people; trusts and monopolies will flourish; and the restoration of the "Bull Pen" at elections will insure the counting of the citizen's vote as it is cast. All these, and many more such, good (?) things will surely be added unto them that serve the masters—after July, 1900. R. L. B.

Volcanic Eruptions

Are grand, but Skin Eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Sale cures them, also old, running and fever sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, Warts, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Best Pile cure on earth. Drives outpains and aches. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranted.

Sold by all druggists.

An Important "Don't."

One of the "dont's" with which it would be well to impress society at large is, "Don't tell a person that she is not looking well."

The sentence, "My dear, you are looking very badly today," will cast a damper over the most hilarious spirit. We may as well be frank, and acknowledge that in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred to look ill is to look plain. The lustreless eyes, the sallow cheeks, and the pallid lips are not compatible with beauty and vivacity of expresion. Each of us has her little spark of vanity that makes her writhe at the knowledge that she is not at her best in appearance as in feeling. And if one has tried to conceal from others the fact that she is not quite up to the usual mark of health she feels that her efforts are vain. And, worst of all, if one is bravely fighting with a genuine illness, the consciousness that the disease has made such inroads that the casual observer notices the change in one's appearance, awakens a sensation of fear and depression that is detrimental to health.—Harper's Bazar.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

FREE SEED DISTRIBUTION.

LISTEN! LISTEN!

☛ $1.00 worth of choice Vegetable seeds FREE ABSOLUTELY to any person who renews his subscription and send one new subscriber to THE CAUCASIAN for one year.

☛ 50c worth seeds free for 6 months' renewal and one new subscription.

Thee seeds we offer are put up by a reliable concern whose seed were arwarded World's Fair Medal and Diploma, and thousands of farmers from all parts of the country speak in highest terms of their good quality.

We offer ten Grand Specialties in following seeds in ten cent packets: Beans, Peas, Cabbage, Melon, Squash, Lettuce, Cucumber, Carrot, Tomato, Radish. Remember you do not pay one cent for these seeds—only renew your subscription and send one new subscriber to THE CAUCASIAN for one year and get ten papers; or for six as named above.

Every person who has a garden should by all means reserve a few rows for our assortment of seeds.

☛ A package of Flower Seeds containing 200 annuals will be given to the young lady who sends us a subscriber.

SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L. VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

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SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 403.	No. 41.
Lv New York, Penn.R.R	*11 00am	*9 00pm
Philadelphia	1 12pm	12 05am
Baltimore	3 15pm	2 50am
Washington	4 40pm	4 30am
Richmond, A. C.L.	8 56am	9 05am
Norfolk, S. A. L.	*8 30pm	*9 05am
Portsmouth	8 45pm	9 20am
Weldon	*11 28pm	*11 55am
Ar Henderson	*12 56am	*1 48pm
Ar Durham	†7 32am	†4 16pm
Lv Durham	†7 00pm	†10 19am
Lv Raleigh	*2 16am	*3 40pm
Sanford	3 33am	5 06pm
So. Pines	4 23am	5 58pm
Hamlet	5 07am	6 56pm
Wadesboro,	5 53am	8 10pm
Monroe	6 43am	9 12pm
Wilmington		*12 05pm
Charlotte	*7 50am	*10 25pm
Ar Chester	*8 03am	*10 56pm
Lv Columbia, C N & L R R		*6 00pm
Ar Clinton. S.A.L.	*9 45am	*12 14am
Greenwood	10 35am	1 07am
Abbeville	11 03am	1 35am
Elberton	12 07pm	2 41am
Ar Athens	1 13pm	3 43am
Ar Winder	1 56pm	4 28am
Ar Atlanta (Central time)	2 50pm	5 20am

NORTHBOUND.

	No.402.	No. 38.
Lv Atlanta (Central time)	*12 00n'n	*7 50pm
Lv Winder	2 40pm	10 40pm
Lv Athens	3 13pm	11 19pm
Elberton	4 15pm	12 31pm
Abbeville	5 15pm	1 35am
Greenwood	5 41pm	2 03am
Clinton	*6 30pm	*2 55am
Ar Columbia C. N & L. R. R		*7 45am
Lv Chester, S. A. L.	*8 13pm	*4 25am
Ar. Charlotte	*10 25pm	*7 50am
Lv Monroe	*9 40pm	*6 05am
Hamlet	*11 15pm	8 00am
Ar Wilmington		*12 05pm
Lv So. Pines	*12 00am	9 00am
Raleigh	*2 16am	11 25am
Ar Henderson	3 28am	*12 57pm
Ar Durham	†7 32am	†4 16pm
Lv Durham	†7 00pm	†10 19am
Ar Weldon	*4 55am	*2 45pm
Richmond A.C.L.	8 20am	7 35pm
Washington, Penn R R	12 31pm	11 30pm
Baltimore	1 46pm	1 08am
Philadelphia	3 50pm	3 50am
New York	*6 28pm	*6 53am

E. ST JOHN, Vice-President and Gen'l Mgr.
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CONSUMPTION

The Wonderful Doctor Slocum System of Treatment is Demonstrating Every Day to the Entire Civilized World, that Consumption is Curable.

THOUSANDS HAVE BEEN CURED.

By Special and Particular Arrangement, Four Free Preparations, Embracing the Complete Slocum System, May be Obtained by Every Reader of This Paper.

Consumption is curable.

The discovery has been made, perfected, triumphantly tested and given to the world by the eminent American medical expert-specialist—Dr. T. A. Slocum.

The Slocum System is a thorough, complete and comprehensive System of Treatment consisting of Four distinct Preparations. Combined, they represent the actual annihilator of Consumption, coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, catarrh, weakened and run-down systems, anemic conditions, laryngitis, grippe and its serious after-effects.

First—The Slocum System kills and drives out of the human system every death-dealing germ, thereby rendering it susceptible to responsive treatment.

Second—It introduces a building-up, fattening, strength-restoring food, which restores the disease-wasted tissues and brings the throat andlungs into active, healthy use.

Third—It stops at once all catarrhal and mucous discharges and kills the cough.

Fourth—It provides a true tonic influence, which invigorates and stimulates, vitalizes all weak spots and brings the entire system back to a healthy normal condition.

Best of all, this glorious discovery is yours for the asking. By a special arrangement made with the Doctor, readers of this paper may obtain the Four Preparations making up the complete Slocum System, as illustrated above, by sending their complete names, postoffice and express addresses to the Slocum Laboratories, 96 and 98 Pine Street, New York, being sure to mention this paper.

Editorial Advice. Write to the Doctor today, ask his advice, and he will give you the benefit of his years of experience. Don't delay, but send your full name, postoffice and express address to Dr. T. A. Slocum, 98 Pine Street, New York, N. Y., and be sure to say that you read this generous offer in this paper.

SEND US ONE DOLLAR

Cut this ad. out and send to us with $1.00, and we will send you this NEW IMPROVED ACME QUEEN PARLOR ORGAN, by freight C. O. D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot, and if you find it exactly as represented, equal to organs that retail at $75.00 to $100.00, the greatest value you ever saw and far better than organs advertised by others at more money, pay the freight agent our special 90 days offer price, $31.75, less the $1, or $30.75 and freight charges, which are very low. OUR SPECIAL 90 DAYS PRICE, $31.75 IS OUR SPECIAL 90 DAYS PRICE, one-half the price charged by others. Such an offer was never made before.

THE ACME QUEEN is one of the most durable and sweetest toned instruments ever made. From the illustration shown, which is engraved direct from a photograph, you can form some idea of its beautiful appearance. Made from Solid Quarter Sawed Oak, antique finish, handsomely decorated and ornamented, latest 1899 style. THE ACME QUEEN is 6 feet 5 inches high, 43 inches long, 27 inches wide and weighs 250 pounds; contains 5 octaves, 11 stops as follows: Diapason, Principal, Dulciana, Melodia, Celeste, Cremona, Bass Coupler, Treble Coupler, Diapason Forte, Principal Forte, and Vox Humana; 2 Octave Couplers, 1 Tone Swell, 1 Grand Organ Swell, 4 Sets Orchestral Treble Resonator Piano Quality Reeds, 1 Set of 37 Pure Sweet Melodia Reeds, 1 Set of 37 Charmingly Brilliant Celeste Reeds, 1 Set of 25 Rich Mellow Sixteenth Diapason Reeds, 1 Set of 24 Pleasing Soft Melodious Principal Reeds.

THE ACME QUEEN action consist of the celebrated Acme Queen Organ we issue a written binding 25 year guarantee, by the terms and conditions of which if any part gives out we repair it free of charge. Try it one month and we will refund your money if you are not perfectly satisfied. 300 of these organs will be sold at $31.75. Order at once. Don't delay.

OUR RELIABILITY IS ESTABLISHED If you have not dealt with us ask your neighbor about us, write the publishers of this paper, Metropolitan National Bank, National Bank of the Republic, or Bank of Commerce, Chicago, or German Exchange Bank, New York, or any railroad or express company in Chicago. We have a capital of $450,000.00, occupy one of the largest business blocks in Chicago and employ over 800 people in our own building. WE SELL ORGANS AT $22.50 up; PIANOS, $125.00 and up; also everything in musical instruments at lowest wholesale prices. Write for free special catalogue, piano and musical instrument catalogue. Address

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Fulton, Desplaines and Wayman Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

SEND ONE DOLLAR

cut this ad out and send to us and if you live East of the Rocky Mountains we will send this HIGH-GRADE TOP BUGGY to you by freight C. O. D. subject to examination, you can examine it at your freight depot and if you find it EQUAL TO ANY $100.00 TOP BUGGY you ever saw, perfectly satisfactory and the GRANDEST BARGAIN YOU HAVE EVER SEEN OR HEARD OF, OUR SPECIAL OFFER PRICE $55.00 and freight charges, less than pay the railroad agent One Dollar sent with order.

$16.50 TO $90.00 BUGGIES AND SURREYS.

BUILT IN OUR OWN FACTORY IN CHICAGO, on hour from the best material money can buy. While in our Free Buggy Catalogue we show Top Buggies made by other makers at $21.50, $28.75 and $34.75 the exact same buggy that are sold by machinery dealers at $45.00 to $75.00 and are being widely advertised by many at $55.00 to $60.00.

OUR ACME QUEEN AT $55.00 is the most wonderful value ever offered. THE LOWEST PRICE EVER QUOTED ON THE BEST BUGGY THAT CAN BE BUILT. We maintain our own five story buggy factory for the sole purpose of building and selling a BETTER BUGGY THAN WE CAN BUY ELSEWHERE and to SAVE OUR CUSTOMERS MANUFACTURER'S PROFIT.

Every Buggy We Make Is Guaranteed Five Years and They Will out wear Five Ordinary Factory Rigs.

THE MATERIAL AND LABOR IN OUR ACME QUEEN cost more than those in the ordinary factory buggy. We use a $2.50 cushion cloth, some use 90 cent, we use a $1.50 head lining, some use 40 cent, we use 23 cent leather, some use 9 cent, we use $12.50 colors and varnishes, some use 7 cent and $1.00. WE PAY ALMOST DOUBLE the price most makers pay for Wheels, Axles, Springs, Dashes and Bodies because WE WANT THE BEST. Our wheels, gear and our ACME QUEEN, would point three coats bogeies, bodies are Water Rubbed and the Material and Labor in Painting OUR ACME QUEEN, would point three coats bogeies, and build up the LARGEST BUGGY BUSINESS IN THE WORLD.

ACME QUEEN. (OUR OWN MAKE.)

THE ACME QUEEN we build in narrow or wide track, cloth or leather trimmed, end springs, buffed leather quarter top, solid panel back, springs in back, Rubber Surge, Velvet Carpet, body, 24x54 inches, No. 1 Sarven's patent screwed rim wheels, painted in 16 coats, body black, gear dark green with very delicate modest striping, complete with shafts, side and back curtains, lazy back, storm aprons and a full set and shafts. For Buckboards and Wildfirees in place of shafts, $1.25 extra. BUGGY WEIGHS 400 POUNDS and the freight will average for 200 miles, $2.00; 300 miles, $2.75; 400 miles, $3.25; 500 miles, $3.50; 1,000 miles, $6.00.

SEND ONE DOLLAR If satisfactory, pay the railroad agent balance, $54.00 and freight charges, otherwise pay nothing and the agent will return buggy at our expense and we will return your $1.00.

DON'T BUY A CHEAP FACTORY BUGGY now sold almost exclusively by all Mail Order Houses and dealers. BUY THE BEST BUGGY MONEY CAN BUILD, direct from the Maker at the LOWEST PRICE EVER KNOWN. ORDER TO PAY DON'T DELAY.

WRITE FOR OUR FREE BUGGY, CARRIAGE AND HARNESS CATALOGUE.

Address SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), CHICAGO, ILL.

SEND NO MONEY

WITH YOUR ORDER, cut this Ad. out and send to us OUR HIGH-GRADE BURDICK SEWING MACHINE by freight C. O. D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented, equal to machines others sell as high as $50.00, and THE GREATEST BARGAIN YOU EVER HEARD OF, pay your freight agent Our Special Offer Price $15.50 and freight charges. The machine weighs 150 pounds and the freight will average 75 cents for each 500 miles. GIVE IT THREE MONTHS TRIAL in your own home, and we will return your $15.50 any day you are not satisfied. We sell different makes and grades of Sewing Machines at $8.50, $10.00, $11.00, $12.00 and up, all of which are fully described in Our Free Sewing Machine Catalogue, but $15.50 for this 7-DRAWER BURDICK is the greatest value ever offered by any house.

THE BURDICK has every modern improvement, every good point of every high-grade machine made, with the defects of none. Made by the best maker in America. SOLID OAK CABINET, BEST COVER. Latest 1899 Skeleton frame, piano polish, finest nickel drawer pulls, rest on 4 casters, ball bearing adjustable treadle, genuine Smyth iron stand, finest large high arm head made, positive four-motion feed, self threading vibrating shuttle, automatic bobbin winder, adjustable bearings, patent tension liberator, improved loose wheel, adjustable presser foot, improved shuttle carrier, patent needle bar, patent drop guard.

GUARANTEED the lightest running, most durable and nearest noiseless machine made. Every known attachment is furnished and our Free Instruction Book tells just how anyone can run it and do either plain or any kind of fancy work. A 20-YEAR GUARANTEE is sent with every machine.

IT COSTS YOU NOTHING to see and examine this machine, compare it with those your storekeeper sells at $40.00 to $50.00, and then if convinced you are saving $20.00 to $35.00, pay your freight agent the $15.50. WE TO RETURN YOUR $15.50 if at any time within three months you say you are not satisfied. ORDER TO-DAY. DON'T DELAY. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

WRITE FOR FREE CATALOGUE. SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

BABIES

are subject to peculiar ills. The right remedy for babies' ills—especially worms and stomach disorders—is

Frey's Vermifuge

—has cured children for 50 years. Send for illus. book about the ills and the remedy. One bottle mailed for 25 cents.

C. E. & S. FREY, Baltimore, Md.

ALWAYS KEEP ON HAND

Pain-Killer

THERE IS NO KIND OF PAIN OR ACHE, INTERNAL OR EXTERNAL, THAT PAIN-KILLER WILL NOT RELIEVE.

LOOK OUT FOR IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES. THE GENUINE BOTTLE BEARS THE NAME,

PERRY DAVIS & SON.

COLOR and flavor of fruits, size, quality and appearance of vegetables, weight and plumpness of grain, are all produced by Potash.

Potash,

properly combined with Phosphoric Acid and Nitrogen, and liberally applied, will improve every soil and increase yield and quality of any crop.

Write and get Free our pamphlets, which tell how to buy and use fertilizers with greatest economy and profit.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R AND BRANCHES. AND FLORENCE RAILROAD CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Aug. 1st, 1897.	No. 41 Daily	No. 47 Daily	No. 43 Daily	No. 45 Daily
	a. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.
Lv Weldon	11 50	9 45	....	....
Ar Rocky Mount,	12 52	10 35	....	....
Lv Tarboro	12 12	..	....	....
Lv Rocky Mount,	12 52	10 35	5 45	12 45
Lv Wilson	2 06	11 16	6 20	2 12
Lv Selma	3 00	....	....	....
Lv Fayetteville	4 40	1 14	....	....
Ar Florence	7 35	3 25	....	....
	P. M.	A. M.		
Lv Goldsboro	....	....	7 01	3 10
Lv Magnolia	....	....	8 05	4 16
Ar Wilmington	....	....	9 30	5 45
			A. M.	P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 78 Daily	No. 52 Daily	No. 40 Daily	No. 42 Daily
	a. m.	P. M.		
Lv Florence	8 45	8 15	....	....
Lv Fayetteville	11 20	10 20	....	....
Lv Selma	1 00	....	....	....
Ar Wilson	1 42	12 10	....	....
			P. M.	A. M.
Lv Wilmington	....	....	7 15	9 35
Lv Magnolia	....	....	8 55	10 59
Lv Goldsboro	....	....	10 10	11 58
	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lv Wilson	1 42	12 15	11 20	12 48
Ar Rocky Mount,	2 33	12 58	11 57	1 20
Lv Tarboro	12 12	....	....	....
Lv Rocky Mount,	2 33	12 55	....	....
Ar Weldon	3 39	1 44	....	....
	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 4:10 p. m., Halifax 4:28 p. m., arrives Scotland Neck at 5:20 p. m. Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:56 p. m. Returning leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m., arriving Halifax 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 a. m. and 1:00 p. m., arrive Parmele 6:10 a. m. and 2:40 p. m., returning leave Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6:30 p. m., arrive Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:20 p. m., daily.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday 5:30 p. m., Sunday 4:05 p. m. arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m., 6 p. m., returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday 5:50 a. m., and Sunday 9 a. m., arrives Tarboro 10:05 a. m. and 10:0 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro daily, except Sunday, 7:10 a. m., arriving Smithfield 8:30 a. m., returning leaves Smithfield 9:00 a. m., arrives at Goldsboro 10:25 a. m.

Trains on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount at 4:30 p. m., arrive Nashville 5:05 p. m., Spring Hope 5:30 p. m., returning leave Spring Hope 8:00 a. m., Nashville 8:35 a. m., arrive at Rocky Mount 9:05 a. m., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton daily, except Sunday, 11:15 a. m. and 4:10 p. m., returning leaves Clinton at 7:00 a. m. and 3:00 p. m.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond, also at Rocky Mount with Norfolk and Carolina R. R for Norfolk and all points North via Norfolk

H. M. EMERSON, 1st Pass Agt.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Man.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

A. & N. C. RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE 5.

To take effect Sunday June 19, 1898, at 12 m

Supersedes Time Table 4 of Nov. 28, 1897, and supplements there

"Peace Hath Her Victories

No less renowned than war," said Milton, and now, in the Spring, is the time to get a peaceful victory over the impurities which have been accumulating in the blood during Winter's hearty eating. The banner of peace is borne aloft by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

It brings rest and comfort to the weary body racked by pains of all sorts and kinds. Its beneficial effects prove it to be the great specific to be relied upon for victory. Hood's *never disappoints.*

Salt Rheum—"My mother was seriously afflicted with salt rheum and painful running sores. No medicine helped her until Hood's Sarsaparilla was used, which made her entirely well." Esss E. MAPLESTONE, 358 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Tired Feeling—"I had that tired, dull feeling, dyspepsia, headaches and sinking spells, but Hood's Sarsaparilla made me a new man. I never was better than now." JOHN MACK, Oskaloosa, Iowa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, non-irritating and the only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"Chouse" Seymour.

Seymour, the actor, was locally known as "Chouse," because on one occasion, when playing Othello at the Limerick Theatre, he, in the well-known passage, "Excellent wretch! Perdition catch my soul, but I do love thee, and when I love thee not, chaos is come again," pronounced the word "chaos" as if written "chouse." Seymour hated the nickname, and it is recorded of him when one night he was playing Othello in the dying scene a voice from the house roared out, "That's blessed good, Chouse!" Then the audience witnessed a singular spectacle. Othello sat bolt upright, shook his fist in the direction of the disturber, and in a voice of rage invited him, if he were a man, to come down and have his head punched. There being no answer to his challenge, the hapless Moor solemnly turned over and proceeded to die, to an obligato of titters from the entire house.—The Argonaut.

AN OPERATION AVOIDED.

Mrs. Rosa Gaum Writes to Mrs. Pinkham About it. She Says:

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I take pleasure in writing you a few lines to inform you of the good your Vegetable Compound has done me. I cannot thank you enough for what your medicine has done for me; it has, indeed, helped me wonderfully.

For years I was troubled with an ovarian tumor, each year growing worse, until at last I was compelled to consult with a physician.

He said nothing could be done for me but to go under an operation.

In speaking with a friend of mine about it, she recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, saying she knew it would cure me. I then sent for your medicine, and after taking three bottles of it, the tumor disappeared. Oh! you do not know how much good your medicine has done me. I shall recommend it to all suffering women.—Mrs. ROSA GAUM, 720 Wall St., Los Angeles, Cal.

The great and unvarying success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in relieving every derangement of the female organs, demonstrates it to be the modern safeguard of woman's happiness and bodily strength. More than a million women have been benefited by it.

Every woman who needs advice about her health is invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham. at Lynn, Mass.

PROOF.

It is an easy matter to claim that a remedy has wonderful curative power. The manufacturers of

RHEUMACIDE

leave it to those who have been permanently and positively cured of RHEUMATISM to make claims. Among those who have recently written us voluntary letters saying they had been cured are: Rev. J. L. Foster, Raleigh, N. C.; Mr. J. E. Robinson, Editor, Goldsboro, N. C. Daily Argus; Mr. A. Daus, a prominent merchant, Macon, Ga., Mr. W. R. Duke, a railroad man, Kansas City, Mo.

Rheumacide Will Cure You.

Manufactured by The BOBBITT DRUG CO. RALEIGH, N. C.

Sold by Druggists generally. Price $1 per bottle

AGENTS WANTED in every city and county for "Thrilling Stories of the Spanish American War by Returned Heroes." Only authentic War Stories published. For terms and territory, address D. E. LUTHER PUB. CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Any Girl Can Tell

A physician who makes the test and is honest about it can tell you that, in many cases, the number of red corpuscles in the blood is doubled after a course of treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

That this means good blood may not be entirely clear from the doctor's statement, but any girl who has tried the pills can tell you that it means red lips, bright eyes, good appetite, absence of headache, and that it transforms the pale and sallow girl into a maiden who glows with the beauty which perfect health alone can give.

Mothers whose daughters grow debilitated as they pass from girlhood into womanhood should not neglect the pill best adapted for this particular ill.

Frank B. Trout, of 103 Griswold Ave., Detroit, Mich., says: "At the age of fourteen we had to take our daughter from school on account of ill health. She weighed only 90 pounds, was pale and sallow and the doctors said she had anæmia. Finally we gave her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. When she had taken two boxes she was strong enough to leave her bed, and in less than six months was something like herself. To-day she is entirely cured, and is a big, strong, healthy girl, weighing 130 pounds, and has never had a sick day since."—*Detroit Evening News.*

The genuine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold only in packages, the wrapper always bearing the full name. At all druggists, or direct from the Dr Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y. 50 per box.

GREAT FOREST FIRE.

Twenty-eight Thousand Square Miles Burned Over in 1874.

In 1874 some hunters started a prairie fire in Bon Homme County, D. T., opposite Niobrara, Neb. There was a strong southeast wind, and it swept to the northeast for over 300 miles, licking up the dry prairie grass and rolling up great columns of smoke on the soft September air for upward of a week. This one was comparatively narrow, being kept from spreading to the west by the Missouri river and from making much progress to the east at first by the Jim river, and later by the wind, which shifted more to the east, but in some places the tract burned over reached a width of seventy-five miles, and it averaged, perhaps, fully fifty.

It found few streams to impede its progress on that side of the Missouri; what few it did encounter it had no difficulty in leaping. Indeed, the distance fire will jump in crossing these prairie streams, where the grass grows rank and tall to the very water's edge, seems almost past belief. In case a fire cannot cross in one place there is usually a place where it can, and so it rushes on, frequently leaving large unburned irregular A-shaped places along the streams or lakes, but leaving the country as a whole, black, barren and forbidding.

This fire took over a week to go rather more than 200 miles. This may seem slow, but several things must be taken into consideration. In many places the grass was short, which necessarily hindered its progress. There was little or no wind during the nights so it, of course, traveled slowly then. At other times, when it got among stretches of blue-joint or other tall grass, it, like any other prairie fire, traveled at such a rate that a horse, be he ever so fast, could not keep ahead. The front was, of course, irregular, and, as usual, it would frequently happen that two long advancing arms would join several miles ahead of the main line of flame and rush onward, forming a new front and leaving a rapidly disappearing island of unburned grass behind.

The left of the mighty advancing column of flame was retarded the second or third day in passing through the Bijou hills. Later the right became entangled among the Wessington hills and fell behind. It finally died out among the coteaux close to the Missouri river, in the neighborhood of Le Beau and Boise Cache creeks. In fact, it was the river that stopped it, for had it not been there, or had the wind got into the south, it would have swept on 250 miles further, out of Dakota and on into the British possessions, no one knows how far. Probably about 28,000 square miles of prairie were burned over by this moving sea or fire. About thirty hunters and a few families were caught in that fire and burned to death.

Preserving the Skin.

The treatment of the skin of the face has always excited a great deal of comment. Some people will declare that it is best to wash the face with soap and water and allow nature to do the rest. These are generally people who have remarkably good skins, and do not need to be careful of them. Those who are troubled with pimples of the ugly little things called blackheads feel that more care must be bestowed. The removal of blackheads is thought to be a difficult matter and few understand what causes them. They are nothing more than the accumulation of dust and flying dirt lodging in the pores of the skin, and held there by the oil that exudes in greater or less degree from these pores. The particles become black from the dust, and as they are imbedded in the pores mere washing of the face will not remove them. The only way to get them out is to press them out with a bodkin or wide-eyed needle. Pressing with the fingernail should not be resorted to. The face should be washed and steamed before beginning to remove the blackheads, then the irritated surface should be soothed with an application of benzoin and water. If this solution is used constantly the blackheads will not continue to appear.

American Exhibits at Paris.

Hundreds of American horseless carriages and vehicles of all kinds will be seen on the streets of Paris during the great universal exposition of 1900. Contracts have recently been let in various cities in the United States, notably Chicago, for the building and equipping of about 5,000 electrical carriages. American railroads are preparing to make extensive exhibits at the Paris Exposition, and some of them will be full of novel and striking ideas. One plan, which has already received the approval of a number of the leading railroad companies, provides for the construction of an enormous upright relief or profile map of the United States, on which every line of railroad in the country will be marked by electrical devices.—New York Journal of Commerce.

Three German cities possess electric railways. So. 13,

ARP'S GOLDEN WEDDING.

He and Mrs. Arp Overwhelmed at the Interest Shown.

GIFTS AND SOUVENIRS FROM

Friends Near Home and Friends Abroad—Kind, Loving Greetings of Children, Kindred and Friends.

The celebration of our golden wedding is over and my good wife and I are still marching to the end of the journey. The fiftieth anniversary of our wedded life brought no change and did not for a moment stop the ticking of the marble clock upon the mantle. The days and the weeks and the months are still coming this way. We did not cross the Rubicon nor the Jordan nor the Styx, but only set up another mile stone and marked it fifty. Now we are on the last quarter stretch nearing the goal, and if it was left to us we would make it an even race. Birth and marriage and death are the most notable events in this life, the most pregnant with fate, and destiny, of happiness or misery and it becomes us to pause occasionally and ponder them. If we can do this with serenity and gratitude it is well for there is no comfort in melancholy.

And so we were made happy on our wedding day, and are happy yet as we recall the kind loving greetings of children and kindred and friends. A shade of sadness came over us of course as we thought of the missing one, the youngest boy afar off in Mexico, but he will come some of these summer days, and bring his sunshine with him. He always brings it and he always sends it in his letters. There is no better sign of a boy than for him to write home often and regularly, and Carl does that. Mr. Craig, of Macon, sent us by express prepaid a pretty iron double seat for the verandah or the lawn and wrote, "I made this with my own hands for your golden wedding. My wife and I wanted to show our love for your son Carl who was so good and kind to our dear boy while he was sick in Mexico. Our boy came home and died, but we have not forgotten Carl, God bless him." What a comfort to a parent are the letters from the children. What comfort are good, kind letters from friends known and unknown and we have had them by the hundred during the past two weeks, and telegrams, too, from New York to Texas—and from the islands of our new domain. We were amazed—overwhelmed and wondered what we had done to provoke such interest in our home affairs. And then the press has showered its benedictions so lavishly that I was constrained to whisper when will this thing stop—where will this bird light. We are proud of all this, but not vain and we are more gratified than proud, but the query is still with us "What have we done and is not this all a dream?"

And then there are the beautiful gifts and souvenirs that kept on coming from friends near home and friends abroad. They crowded our tables and adorned the walls. These golden presents gladdened our golden years and fitted the golden wedding so appropriately, and the flowers did, too—beautiful flowers from Brooklyn and Atlanta and Rome and Mobile and Marietta and all laden with pretty sentiments and some with the ever living lines from Mrs. Hemans:

"Bring flowers, fresh flowers for the bride to wear;
They were born to blush in her shining hair."

Yes, all is for the bride. She lets me look at the beautiful things, and even to handle them, but they are all hers except the gold headed cane and the French Clock that my dear old college mate, Jim Warren sent me. And she has given me one of the gold fountain pens and a pair of the cuff buttons and the new fangled carving fork that I thought was curling tongs for my scattered hair. It seems to me that I am a little humbler than I was before the wedding, for she claims all the pretty things, from the massive golden ladle of Mrs. Akin and the beautiful golden chalices of the Constitution and the lovely spoon service of the Home and Farm and the gold mounted umbrella From Kansas City, down to the golden bookmark and the golden toothpicks. There are scores of other beautiful things in glass and gold, and they are all hers. I am no longer the cashier of this bank, for the bride has put away the goldon coin, though she says she only wants to keep it a while and will then give it back to me. I remember when my father got a pension of $700 for a poor old man who owed him $90 and had owed it for years. Father counted out the gold and gave it to him, thinking that of course he would pay the debt, but he wrapped it up carefully and put it away down in his pocket and started for his horse, who was hitched to the rack near by. As he was about to get up father said to him, "Mr. Jenkins, I thought you told me you would pay me when you got your pension?" "Yes, I did, Asa," said he, "and I'm gwine to do it tomorrow shore. I jest wanted to take it all home and let the old woman look at it and feel of it and count it, and we would sleep with it in the house one night, Asa—just one night, Asa." And sure enough he did bring it back next day and paid the debt and put the rest in my father's safe.

I know that my bride will do that, too. Fifty years ago she promised me everything she had or was going to have and so I will wait. She has always given me everything that came to her except the children. She claims all of them and still speaks of them as "My children—my boys and my girls." Evan Howell, my old friend, came to our wedding and brought his good wife with him. You see, I was at his father's wedding long before he was born and I wanted him here, but when he was called upon to respond to Judge Akin's beautiful speech, I thought he went a little out of his way to say that every man was made better by his wife and that he had reason to believe that his friend, Bill Arp, was indebted to Mrs. Arp for his fame and name and good repute—that she was the power behind the throne—the guiding star—the pilot at the helm, the inspiration, and all that sort of thing. My wife was standing meekly by my side and heard it all, and it seemed to me she straightened up a little and seemed taller as he spoke. He continued on that line until I began to feel like I was nothing but an old ship that my wife was steering through the breakers. I saw that his remrks were very grateful to Mrs. Howell, for she stretched up a little, too, and as I looked around upon the matrons they were all stretching up, and my fear is they will stay so. I don't think I will invite Evan to our next wedding.

And now comes the aftermath—the second reaping of this harvest of love. We must answer all these kind letters, and we must thank the donors for all these beautiful gifts. It will take time, but it will be a labor of love. Many of the letters are in verse, and what is remarkable, most of the poems are from our aged friends. Just take note of this from Dr. Alexander, the veteran physician of Atlanta. Who would have thought that he would have turned bard in his seventy-fifth year? He sent me a beautiful cane, and the following verses, were wrapped around it. May the good Lord lead him down gently to the grave:

"I never can forget it—whatever time destroys—
The dear old time in youth's sweet prime,
When 'Bill' and I were boys.

It is the one bright memory no earthly dross alloys,
For sweet bells chime of that dear time
When 'Bill' and I were boys!

"I was there when 'Bill' was married, in the pleasant far-away,
To the fair and noble woman
Whom he weds again today.
His golden-marriage time it is. Ah, time no love destroys!
For they love each other better than
When 'Bill' and I were boys!

"Well, here's a greeting to you, 'Bill,'
And blessings on your life,
And love and joy forever
To your jewel of a wife!
To me you're both a memory
No earth dross alloys,
Thank God we're still as happy as
When 'Bill' and I were boys!

"You need no staff to lean on, 'Bill,'
For love's your staff and guide,
And love has led you safe thus far,
And love is by your side:
But take this staff, old comrade,
With your golden wedding joys—
And lean upon it for those days
When 'Bill' and I were boys!

"JAMES F. ALEXANDER.

"March 7, 1899."

Oh the dear memories that these lines crowded on me—the branches where we fished for minnows and perch and horny-heads, the shoal creek where we seined and the mill pond where we jumped from the springboard and the water seemed a mile deep, and the trees we climbed for chestnuts that seemed a mile high. What a fine coon dog was Rover, and what a good rabbit dog was Tag. But the long red hills have shrunk and the mill pond is but a little pool and the trees have been cut down and the dogs we hunted with are dead. Alas! how cruel is time.

And here before me are some tender lines from old Colonel Gibbons, who has passed his four score years. He adds another verse to "John Anderson, My Jo." So does my dear old partner, Judge Branham, and he says that Dr. Deems wrote it. And an old lady from Washington, D. C., sends still another verse and says it was written by a man in Ohio. Here are three different additions to the poem and all are beautiful. And here are several loving verses from our cherished friend, Captain Calhoun, who is no spring bird or bard, but is old enough to write poetry. There is a man who always brings sunshine. His life is a struggle and strain, but "like the sun of Alknomok, he never complains."

Then there is the double-hearted gem from our unknown friend, "Dunne Brown," with its graphic illustrations. Nothing prettier or more appropriate was ever written or designed. He is both a poet and an artist, and the gem is to be encased in a golden frame and placed upon the golden papered wall. And dear, good Charlie Hubner never forgets or neglects to write the right thing in the right way and at the right time. And then there were the golden wedding's golden bells that were rung to sweet music by Colonel and Mrs. Roy Mason, of Richmond, Va.

Besides all these there were beautiful prose poems by Uncle Remus, Frank Stanton, Wallace Reed and Frank Richardson, and Mr. Knott, of The Home and Farm, and Mr. Einstein, of The New York Press, and Albert Shaw, of The Review of Reviews, that have been placed carefully among our wedding treasures. What shall we render to our friends for all their benefits and benedictions? Why, here is a massive wedding ring that Dr. Benham, the oldest and noblest Roman of them all, sent to my wife to be placed by me upon her wedding finger as I renewed the promises I made her 50 years ago. And here is another that our dear good friend, Joe Brown, sends. It is exquisitely engraved "Golden Years, Golden Hearts," and his letter is another gem—a prose poem that is worth more than the ring to me, for I am not a woman. And here is a Klondike nugget sent from a friend who lives in the far off state of Washington and is now mining in Alaska. And here, hanging on the parlor wall, is a beautiful picture of John Anderson my Joe, and his loving spouse. It is encased in an exquisite golden frame, and nothing can be more tenderly pathetic than this sketch, where the good old matron is smoothing the thin and silvery hair of her life-long companion as she sings, "Now we must totter down, John, but hand in hand we'll go." This came from Mrs. Ward, of Birmingham, a dear old family friend, who was a school girl in pantalettes when we moved to Rome in '51. She, too, had to flee from the foul invader in '64, the same night my wife and children, did and when they two get together I tell you they make the yankee fur fly and the yankees' ears burn when those who wear them are talked about. Did you ever try to drive an old hen with a brood of right young chickens out of the garden. Well, that's the way these two mothers fled and dodged and raised their feathers, and pranced around all over the country trying in vain to find some place where the foul invader could not come. But let that pass. After fifty years, let all sad memories be smothered, and all resentments buried. We have many dear friends among those yankees and on this glad event they have all been kind; very kind. The lawyers tell us of a statute of the limitations which is called a statute of repose, and which quiets title to land and cuts of punishment for crime. The Jews made a jubilee of every fiftieth year and proclaimed liberty throughout the land and cancelled all debts and gave the land and the cattle rest. And so now let us have rest and peace both in body and in mind. That is all very sweet and very pretty, says my wife, but we must work on. She made up her bed this morning as usual, and is now sewing new buttons on my old vest. But I can't help seeing the new rings on her fingers and the golden hair pin that Major McCollum gave her in her hair. As for me, I have my orders, for it has long been my habit when I get a new suit of clothes, to keep them on as long as she will let me, and sometimes when she is not looking, I work in them. Already she has put my wedding suit away, and I will not get it again until Sunday morning. The truth is, I don't see much difference between now and then between the past and the present. I am still the boy. She wants me to bring in some coal right now.

There is no sign of rest for me
In this our year of jubilee.

—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

No Trifling With the Queen.

The Spanish government has ordered the prosecution of Gen. Weyler's organ, El Nacional, and of several Republican and Carlist newspapers for publishing, with offensive comments, report that the Queen Regent was about to abdicate and to marry an Austrian Archduke.

Officers Reprimanded.

General Young has issued an order severely criticising the commissioned officers and finding of the court-martial in the trial of the rioters of the Fifteenth Minnesota Regiment, which occurred March 4th and 5th in Augusta, Ga., when one of their number was killed by a saloon keeper.

Stranded in New York.

The 27 colored families numbering 104 persons in all, who are stranded in Jersey City, after having come from the West to go to Liberia, as is alleged, under a contract with the International Migration Society, have been notified by the Central Railroad, of New Jersey, that they would have to leave the railway cars in which they have remained since arriving in Jersey City.

Herr Huby, the kaiser's barber, who is responsible for his majesty's astonishing mustache, has been decorated several times. His "tonsorial parlors" are the best-paying in Berlin.

NORTH CAROLINA NEWS.

Some thieves entered Mr. John Glosson's smokehouse, at Arlington, and stole all the meat he had, eleven pieces and some sausage. He got on the track of a one-horse wagon and followed it for ten miles in the direction of Concord, till he came to the hills on this side of Buffalo creek, where the tracks left the road. Mr. Glosson and party went only a short distance into the woods, where they found a deserted one-horse wagon, in which was all his meat, some corn which had been stolen from Mr. George Hagler, and a hand saw and other shop tools, stolen from Mr. J. N. Rogers. About fifty yards away was a dark bay horse, about two years old. The thieves had fled, leaving everything.

Recent rains swept away the mill dam of Walker's & Co's. roller mill at Oak Ridge. Sixty feet of solid masonry went from the middle, creating a roar which awoke people a mile away. The new county bridge below the mill was swept away. The damage is estimated at $1,000 to the mill property. This is a very old site. Lord Cornwallis camped at this mill on the 11th of February, 1781, a month before the battle of Guilford Court House, as he was trying to intercept General Greene on his way to Virginia. On the following day the bugler was killed by Tarleton's men.

In the decisions rendered the other day, the Supreme Court held that the Fellow Servant act is constitutional, and again in another case that the failure of a railway company to properly equip its cars with safety appliances is negligence and makes it liable for damages resulting from such negligence where an employe sustains injury.

R. B. Raney, of Raleigh, has given that city $35,000 for the public establishment and support of a public library. Thus, one by one, our cities are falling into line. Which will follow next? Raney and Pack have made their names immortal in Raleigh and Asheville, and thousands will call them blessed. Who will emulate their example.—N. C. Journal of Education.

Mr. Joseph Lee, who lives in the western part of Cabarrus county, awoke and found his house on fire. The alarm was given in time to save his family, but too late to save any of the furniture or any part of the house. The loss amounts to several hundred dollars and he carried no kind of insurance.

An order has been passed by the committee on public buildings and grounds in Raleigh, to pave the street on the west side of the Supreme Court. It has also been ordered to put tiled floors in the offices of the State Auditor. The cost for tiling both offices will be about $750.

Another organization incorporated by the Secretary of State is the benevolent Society of Fayetteville, to be known as the Independent Order of True Reformers. Their business is to "nurse and assist the sick and disabled, and to do all other acts of a Christian and benevolent nature."

The secretary of state has issued articles of incorporation for to the Revolution Cotton Mills company, of Greensboro, with E. Sternberger, Moses H. Cone and Caesar Cone as incorporators. The capital stock is placed at $200,000.

Smallpox continues to abate in the State, though there are still a good many cases in Alamance county. The quarantine in that section is pretty rigidly enforced. Elon College, Gibsonville and Graham are quarantined against the whole of Alamance county.

The consolidation of the Winston-Salem postoffice means the largest and only first-class office in the State. The consolidation is to take effect July 1st. This will give the main office nine letter carriers and seven clerks.

The wife of Prof. Scribner, the head of the mechanical department of the Agricultural and Mechanical College, in Raleigh, died after a short illness, of pneumonia. She was only 25 years old, and leaves four children.

The old building at the Institution for the Blind in Raleigh is to be made almost entirely new. The legislature made an appropriation of $10,000 for this purpose and the directors have decided to begin work at once.

Through the Citizens' National Bank of Raleigh, Treasurer Worth has sent $80,000 to the Bank of the Republic, New York, to pay the interest on the 6 per cent. bonds, which falls due on the 1st of April.

Quite a party of Moravians will leave Winston the first of next month for Herrnhut, Germany, to attend the Synod, which opens there in May.

Daniel Bridges and J. C. Bailey have been confined in jail in Raleigh on a charge of burning barns in New Light township, Wake county.

Deputy Collector J. P. H. Adams captured a 125-gallon registered brandy still and the owner thereof near Wakefield.

The Odell Manufacturing Company, is now building at Concord the largest weaving mill in the State. It will be equipped with five hundred looms.

A Monument to Patrick Walsh.

Augusta, Ga., will erect a monument to her late mayor, Hon. Patrick Walsh. The idea is to erect a bronze statue on some one of Augusta's many beautiful squares. Not only will Augusta do her part, but the entire South will be invited to assist in commemorating the name of the man who, standing with Henry W. Grady, was foremost in the fight for the recognition of the South's possibilities and the furtherance of Southern development.

TAPE WORMS

"A tape worm eighteen feet long at least came on the scene after my taking two CASCARETS. This I am sure has caused my bad health for the past three years. I am still taking Cascarets, the only cathartic worthy of notice by sensible people."
GEO. W. BOWLES, Baird, Mass.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c.

... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 313

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

Paper Bath Robes.

Bath robes made of paper are now manufactured, and their use is becoming quite a fad. The kind of material used resembles blotting paper. It quickly dries the body, and as the paper is a bad heat conductor the much dreaded cold after the bath can be avoided. Whole suits are made of this paper stuff, including coverings for the head and feet. One advantage of the fad is the cheapness of such a garment, making it possible for the poorest person to own one.

An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.
For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle

Edison's Plan for Removing Snow.

Edison's latest suggestion is that snow can be removed from city streets not by melting machines, but by portable steam power compressors, which will scoop up the snow in steel scoop buckets and squeeze it into cakes 12x 12x12 inches in volume, which will be practically solid ice. Carts and men following the compressor can take up the cakes with tongs as they drop to the street, says Edison, and a market can be found for enough snow cubes to pay the interest on the cost of the machinery.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

There is a vast difference between speaking "one to another" and one about another.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

It is stated that nine-tenths of the mohair plush used in the United States is manufactured at Sanford, Me.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

The Cargo of the first ship of the new line between San Diego, Cal., and Manila, consisted of whiskey and beer.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Hereford, End., bricklayers get 15 cents per hour.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

Baltimore, Md., is to have a home product show.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

A Texas ranch has an area of 5,000 square miles.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reducing inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

"I am entirely cured of hemorrhage of lungs by Piso's Cure for Consumption.—LOUISA LINDAMAN, Bethany, Mo., January 8, 1896.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

RAM'S HORN BLASTS.

TRIALS melt the brass out of character.

Virtue is finer than any of the arts.

Half hearted service is always hard.

Neglect bolts the door of opportunity.

Small boats should keep near the shore.

Love turns duty into delight.

Bigotry is not peculiar to religion.

Meditation is a tonic for poor memory.

Some little men love to live in the clouds.

In order to do right, it is necessary to be right.

The wings of riches are poor aids to heavenly flight.

More souls are saved through service, than by sermons.

Kind words, like fragrant flowers, are admired by all.

Policy sits on the fence while principle fights the battle.

An iceberg in the pulpit cannot kindle a fire in the pews.

Dress does not make character, but it often proclaims it.

Modern theology teaches that man fell up instead of down.

Those who know when to speak, know when to be silent.

The man who confesses his ignorance is on the road to wisdom.

Fidelity in little things, is one of the surest tests of character.

Love is like a convex mirror—it broadens what we see in it.

IT COSTS YOU NOTHING

But a postal to find out you are paying double our prices on Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains, Portieres, Upholstery Goods, Bedding, Crockery, Clothing, Silverware, Clocks, Sewing Machines, Pictures, Mirrors, Baby Carriages, Refrigerators, Stoves, Tinware, Lamps, Bicycles, Pianos, Organs, Shoes, Hats, Gents' Furnishings, etc.

We pay Freight on Carpets and Draperies, and expressage on made-to-order Clothing ($5.50 to $14.00), guaranteed to fit.

Largest Size Reed Rocker, Price $1.19.

Why are we doing business in every state and territory in this country? Why has our business doubled itself during the past year? Our Free Catalogues tell the story. Which do you want? Write today. Address this way,

High Grade Sewing Machines, upwards from $8.50.

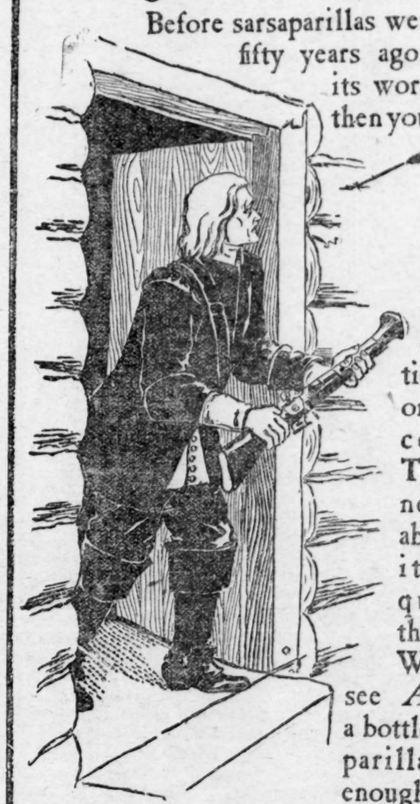
JULIUS HINES & SON, Baltimore, Md. Dept 310

Saw Mills
$129 TO $929.00
With Improved Rope and Belt Feed, SAWS, FILES and TEETH in Stock.
Engines, Boilers and Machinery
All Kinds and Repairs for same.
Shafting, Pulleys, Belting, Injectors, Pipes, Valves and Fittings.
LOMBARD IRON WORKS & SUPPLY CO., AUGUSTA, GA.

LOST MANHOOD CURED. $3 box, 30 days. $5 post paid. DR. C. K. SEIDEL, Reading, Pa.

The Pioneer Medicine is Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Before sarsaparillas were known, fifty years ago, it began its work. Since then you can count the sarsaparillas by the thousands with every variation of imitation of the original, except one. They have never been able to imitate the quality of the pioneer. When you see *Ayer's* on a bottle of sarsaparilla that is enough; you can have confidence at once. If you want an experiment, buy anybody's Sarsaparilla; if you want a cure, you must buy



Ayer's

[The Sarsaparilla which made Sarsaparilla famous]

COTTON is and will continue to be *the* money crop of the South. The planter who gets the most cotton from a given area at the least cost, is the one who makes the most money. Good cultivation, suitable rotation and liberal use of fertilizers containing at least 3% actual

Potash

will insure the largest yield.

We will send Free, upon application, pamphlets that will interest every cotton planter in the South.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

A MULE KNOWS THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN A NEW FLORENCE AND ANY OTHER WAGON.

THE NEW FLORENCE has Springs under Sand Bolster in front and between the Bolster and Axle behind which creates a live weight, makes the Draft lighter, saves the Team and prevents 75 per cent. of the usual breakages.

If your dealer does not handle this Wagon write direct to

FLORENCE WAGON WORKS,
FLORENCE, ALA.,

and receive full information with Cuts, Prices and Testimonials.

MAN FELL FROM BALLOON!

Sprained his Back and Ankle. Knocked one of His Fingers out of Joint—Used GOOSE GREASE LINIMENT and was out in few days. It Cures Every Time if You Will Use it Right. Use Plenty of It.

DYSPEPSIA! We have just what you need—a Safe, Pleasant, Sure Cure for Stomach Troubles. No Free Fake. Honest Goods Square Deal. One week's treatment, One Dollar, by Mail. Address, N. E. CHEM. CO., Box 7, Cincinnati, O.

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